

EXPOSE CONDITIONS IN POLICE DEPARTMENT MAY RESULT SOON IN GRAND JURY INVESTIGATION

Officers Indulge in Drunken Orgies, Protect Disorderly Houses and Intimidate Witnesses for the Prosecution, According to Testimony at Trial of Blanch Peltier; Other Evidences of Criminality and Incompetency; Three Already Are Suspended

So thoroughly rotten is the police department of Colorado Springs, according to testimony submitted in the district court yesterday at the trial of Blanch Peltier, accused of conducting a disorderly house on East Huerfano street, that the district court may be requested to impanel a grand jury to investigate the department and the rooming houses. That members of the police force not only participate in drunken orgies at these houses, but try to protect from arrest the women conducting them, and actually intimidate and order from town witnesses on whom the prosecution depends to convict those apprehended by the sheriff's office, was declared in sworn testimony before Judge W. S. Morris yesterday.

Detective Tom Gavin and Patrolmen Erastus Pfost and A. W. Ten Eyck, the two last named having been involved in the dance hall exposure two months ago, were implicated in the testimony yesterday. Although his name did not appear in the Peltier case, Patrolman Jim Davis is said to have come intoxicated frequently while on duty at the Rio Grande depot. His conduct is declared to be a disgrace to the department and to the city, and as a result of his profanity before women and childing checking baggage, he has been forbidden to enter the baggage room. So flagrant and open have been his drunken actions that complaint has been entered at at least one uptown railroad office.

Late last night Detective Gavin and Patrolmen Ten Eyck and Pfost were suspended until 4 o'clock this afternoon, pending further investigation of their conduct. The suspensions were made by the mayor, in line with the recommendation of Commissioner Himebaugh and Captain Stark, who is acting chief in the absence of Chief Burno. Davis' case will come up this afternoon also.

The Peltier case went to the jury about 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon, and as no agreement was reached at 9 o'clock, the jurors were instructed to return a sealed verdict if they arrived at any decision during the night.

An instance of the literal killing of intoxicants at the Vendome rooming house, 1134 East Huerfano, conducted by Blanch Peltier, is shown in the testimony of Mrs. Adele Gilman, who turned state's evidence. Mrs. Gilman declared that Mrs. Peltier told her she expected to pay for her piano and phonograph with the money derived from the sale of empty beer and whisky bottles in her house. Mrs. Peltier has no license to sell intoxicants, so that each of the thousands upon thousands of empty bottles necessary to buy a piano and phonograph would represent a separate illegal sale.

"Higher Ups" Negligent.
The criminality of those members of the police department who participated in these orgies and protected the women, and the incompetence and neglect of duty manifested by those "higher up," who should have known what the department was doing, has aroused a storm of indignation throughout the city. Chief of Police S. D. Burno has been in Pueblo for some weeks, recovering from an attack of rheumatism, but Police Commissioner J. A. Himebaugh and Mayor H. F. Avery, who has the power to remove any employee of the city, have failed lamentably to say the least, in protecting the city from criminal police. Although Himebaugh has the power only to suspend a policeman, he did not exercise even this right, and he could have expelled any member by putting the matter before the council and obtaining a vote of four members, even over the mayor's head. The council has never been asked to discharge an employee. Captain Howard Stark has been acting chief of police during Burno's absence, but he seems as ignorant as the mayor and Commissioner Himebaugh of the joins of the men under him.

Just what action the mayor, Commissioner Himebaugh and Acting Captain Stark will take, following the exposure in the district court room yesterday, remains to be seen. It may bring about a much needed reorganization of the department—it may simply result in the suspension for a few days of the men who were laid off last night until today, pending a further investigation.

Bolt Out of Clear Sky.
When Assistant District Attorney Burno opened up in the court room yesterday through the testimony of Adele Gilman, the word was flashed to city hall that things were happening to the police department. The bolt came out of a clear sky, and there was a hurrying and scurrying to learn what it all meant.

When court adjourned, and after the case of Blanch Peltier had gone to the jury, Adele Gilman was summoned to the city hall. She was questioned closely, but her story was practically identical to her testimony on the witness stand, and in line with affidavits made by her and in the possession of the district attorney's office.

Concerning what purported to be a call from the police department a day or two ago, advising Mrs. Gilman to leave her room at the Halcyon, investigation by the department last night showed that the telephone message was from an outside source. Mrs. Gilman said that when she went to her room Wednesday she was told by the landlady that she would have to leave. "She said," Mrs. Gilman testified, "that she had received a message purporting to come from the acting chief of police ordering her to throw me out."

It was said last night, and substantiated by the landlady, who received the message, that the call was not from the acting chief or anyone at headquarters. The sender of the message has not yet been located.

Will Investigate.
Mayor Avery, Commissioner Himebaugh and Acting Chief Stark declared last night, following their questioning of the three men involved in the probe, that the investigation will be conducted until the bottom of the whole affair is reached.

Commissioner Himebaugh, who is in direct command of the police department, said that he does not yet see what was behind the affair, and that the news of the alleged misconduct of his men in connection with the Vendome case was a complete surprise to him.

Asked if he had at any time heard of any alleged protection given by members of the department to the Vendome, he said that he had not. Along the same line he declared that the Vendome for weeks has been watched by patrolmen and detectives, and that the reports returned always were that the house was not violating the law. If Blanch Peltier was protected, Commissioner Himebaugh declared, he did not know it.

The mayor and those in charge of the department said last night that there is a possible conspiracy to discredit the police department, and that they are unable to understand the motive or the object of the sensation springing in court by the district attorney's office.

Claim Charges False.
The three men accused and under suspension were emphatic last evening, following their examinations, in declaring that the charges made against them are untrue and without foundation. They regard the story of their misconduct as a "frameup," pure and simple, and point out that while first appearances may seem to be against them, that the character and

D. D. CASEMENT NAMED EXECUTIVE COMMITTEEMAN OF PROGRESSIVE PARTY
Dan Dillon Casement of this city, who has taken a prominent part in the work of the Progressive party in Colorado, has been appointed executive committeeman from the Fourth judicial district to act with the special advisory committee to the state executive board of the party. Mr. Casement's election was announced after a poll had been taken of El Paso county Progressives by former County Chairman James Stewart. This committee will meet soon at the call of State Chairman Allison Stocker.

Mr. Casement last fall was prominent in the state and local councils of the party.

the questions of said assistant district attorney: "You ought to know!"
"That the said Blanch Peltier and the said (two attorneys being mentioned here) on divers and sundry occasions advised this affiant that she would not be allowed to testify. In this case, and that the only person who could call upon her in this case was Blanch Peltier, and that the said (two attorneys) on said occasions advised this affiant that when she was called upon as a witness in the case of the People vs. Blanch Peltier she should answer, 'I don't know, I don't remember,' and I refuse to answer that question because it incriminates me."

"That this affiant is at the time of the making of this affidavit under no promise of reward from the district attorney or any of his assistants or officers, and that no duress, undue influence or promise of reward of any kind has been offered to me, and this affiant makes this affidavit of her own free act and deed."

Defense Tried to "Frame Up" On the Prosecuting Attorney
An affidavit, signed and sworn by Adele Gilman, is in the possession of Assistant District Attorney Burno, but it was not introduced during the trial. It may be produced later.

It alleges that between the time of the arrest of Blanch Peltier and the time of her trial, Mrs. Gilman had a conversation with a local druggist in which the latter suggested and requested that Mrs. Gilman make a "date" with the assistant prosecutor and "that after she did so and got him out in her company it would swing the case as she, this affiant, would then have, the said Martin M. Burno where he could not say anything and would be at the mercy of the affiant."

"That subsequent to the arrest of Blanch Peltier as aforesaid, and before her trial, this affiant heard Blanch Peltier say that she had been in consultation with her attorney and that if she were asked any questions as to her residence, occupation and character of the house which she occupied, by the assistant district attorney, that she should answer to

SCORES BEG FOR FRIEDMANN CURE

TREATS 35 SUFFERERS IN NEW YORK

Boy Shows Much Improvement After Inoculation a Few Days Ago

NEW YORK, March 20.—In the presence of scores of physicians gathered from all parts of the country, many of them representing city health boards, Dr. Friedrich F. Friedmann treated 35 patients with his tuberculous vaccine today. Twenty-nine of the sufferers were deformed babies. Before holding the demonstration, the Berlin specialist issued a statement advising out-of-town persons not to come to New York with the hope of being treated until after the government had passed on his vaccine at the conclusion of its inquiry.

At the doors of the Hospital for Deformities and Joint Diseases, Dr. Friedmann was beset by a throng of sufferers, who implored him to treat them. The patients he attended, however, already had been selected, and he had to force his way gently through the crowd of disappointed men and women. A mother with a child sank to her knees, holding the baby toward the physician in outstretched arms.

During the clinic, a 17-year-old boy walked into the operating room. He was a patient treated with the vaccine 12 days ago.

Boy Much Improved.
"Look at my leg," he said to Dr. Friedmann, baring his knee. "When you injected your vaccine I could hardly move, the leg was so swollen. Now I know that I will get well."

The boy went through exercises to show the suppleness of his legs and then submitted to examination by the gathered physicians.

Diseases of the bones were treated today. Dr. Friedmann will hold a clinic at Bellevue hospital tomorrow to treat pulmonary cases. Dr. Friedmann has requested the government physicians who attend the clinic today to place Dr. Arthur Atkinson, a Wisconsin physician, on the list of patients to be treated at Bellevue. Dr. Atkinson, suffering from pulmonary tuberculosis, came east to urge Dr. Friedmann to treat him.

FORCE BILL THROUGH TO AID POWER TRUST

State Would Question Right of Federal Control Public Domain

By R. M. MCCLINTOCK.
DENVER, March 20.—Nullification did not die with John C. Calhoun. It is a live issue in Colorado today. Elise M. Armons, posing as the successor of the Carolinian, this afternoon forced through the house on second reading a bill under which the state will grant a right-of-way to irrigation or power companies over government land, no matter what the government says.

The bill even goes so far as to declare that the state shall not be bound to accept the decision of "any department or other officer, agent or employee of the United States, if in the judgment of the board (the state land commissioners) the same is not in good faith, or for the mere purpose of delay or is adverse to the legal, constitutional or inherent rights of the state." In case the federal government should not act satisfactorily to the state land board, that body "shall at once proceed to acquire the desired rights or easements occupancy or possession by invoking the power of eminent domain of the state."

The bill is very evidently drawn in the interest of the Utah Power company; the power trust that is now disputing the right of the government to withhold a right-of-way near Telluride unless the company consents to government regulation of rates and service. There is a stipulation in the bill that the state land board shall refuse to accept or concur in any revocation, permit, license or opportunity is given, before revocation, to be heard.

Dispute Federal Rights.
The land board is given the right to bring suit against the United States in any district court of the state, "and if the judgment of the court be in favor of the state it shall vest in the state the rights and easements so adjudged upon and over all public lands (Continued on Page Four.)"

RAILROAD TOURIST RATES SAME AS LAST YEAR

Tourist rates to Colorado Springs from eastern points will be the same as last year, according to the result of the recent meeting of the American Passenger association. In the folders of all roads running into Colorado, Colorado Springs and Denver are placed in the first column, and following are some of the round trip rates quoted: Chicago, \$30; St. Louis, \$25; Peoria, Ill., \$26.75; Kansas City, \$17.50; St. Joseph, Mo., \$17.50; Omaha, \$17.50; Sioux City, Ia., \$21.40; St. Paul, Minn., \$27.40; Minneapolis, \$27.50.

BRYAN'S ASST. RESIGNS HIS POSITION

HUNTINGTON WILSON DISAGREES WITH ADMINISTRATION OVER POLICIES

WASHINGTON, March 20.—Huntington Wilson, assistant and acting secretary of state, has resigned that office and insisted on immediate acceptance of the resignation because of his radical difference of opinion with the administration regarding its Chinese policies. President Wilson immediately accepted the resignation.

Mr. Wilson, like all assistant secretaries of the various departments, tendered his resignation as a matter of form to President Wilson directly on the latter's assumption of office. Mr. Wilson was requested to continue his place until it should be convenient for the president to name his successor, and consented to do so as accommodation Secretary Bryan in his desire to make his visit to Lincoln, Neb., though this involved the abandonment of reservation which he had made on a steamship sailing for Europe last Tuesday.

The issue of the statement from the White house, defining the administrative attitude regarding the Chinese loan negotiations is believed to have been regarded by Assistant Secretary Wilson as sufficient to justify him in requesting to be relieved at once from duty.

Adse Acting Secretary.
After telegraphic notice to Secretary Bryan of his intentions, Mr. Wilson late yesterday afternoon dispatched a note to the White house terminating (Continued on Page Four.)

AUSTRIA ORDERS CESSATION FIRE

TOWN SCUTARI BEING BOMBARDED

Albanians Forced to Join Serbian Church or Die, Say Reports

LONDON, March 20.—Austria, possibly with the assistance of Italy, is contemplating isolated action to stop the bombardment of Scutari, which, it is alleged, now is being directed at the town instead of the fortress, and finally enforcing the powers' decision that Albania shall be an autonomous state, and that Scutari shall remain part of it.

Of course, Montenegro and Serbia first will be given the opportunity of withdrawing, which, after its capture, according to the powers, must be given up by the allies.

Part of the Austrian fleet already has left for the Montenegrin and Albanian coasts, and while it is announced officially that the object of the warships is to carry out maneuvers, it is apparent that their presence is designed to impress Montenegro and Serbia with the determination of Austria to prevent the further cannonading of the civilian section of Scutari and to obtain satisfaction for the alleged forcible interference with the Serbian. The Montenegrin delegate in London, M. Popovitch, speaking for his government, describes as untrue or trivial the incidents for which Austria is demanding satisfaction.

Bitter Feeling Aroused.
But whatever truth or importance they have, the bitterest feeling on the part of Austria has been aroused, and the press and public of Austria-Hungary are demanding action.

According to dispatches received by the Vienna papers, 400 Albanians, weeping and wailing, were forced to join the orthodox church, the soldiers ordering them to choose between orthodox and death. At six other villages the residents of the civilian section of Scutari and to obtain satisfaction for the alleged forcible interference with the Serbian. The Montenegrin delegate in London, M. Popovitch, speaking for his government, describes as untrue or trivial the incidents for which Austria is demanding satisfaction.

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PLAN AVIATION RACE TO CITY

150-MILE CONTEST FROM DENVER AND RETURN

Greeley, Fort Morgan and Springs Considered for Meet During Conclave

Colorado Springs may be the turning point in an aviation race during the Knight Templar triennial conclave in Denver this summer. Denver boosters will hold a race from Denver and return with this city, Fort Morgan or Greeley as the turning point, and have addressed letters to the chambers of commerce of the three towns mentioned. About \$2,000 will be required from the community which captures one end of the race, and if Colorado Springs puts up this amount, it will be favored by the promoters and will land the contest, according to reports from Denver.

No details of the contest are available now. It is said, however, that from 10 to 15 aeroplanes will participate.

Telephonic advices as to the proposition were received here from Denver last night, but the text of the letter was not made public, the senders desiring the Chamber of Commerce to receive the communication first. The letter was mailed yesterday afternoon, and is expected to reach Secretary A. W. Henderson of the local body this morning.

AMERICANS RUSHED OUT OF DANGER ZONE

Lives of Women and Children Endangered by Threatened Attack From Rebels

DOUGLAS, Ariz., March 20.—American women and children from the mining settlement at Cananea, Sonora, are being rushed to the border tonight in automobiles. State troops are expected to attack 350 federalists of the Cananea garrison.

Colonel Moreno, in command at Cananea, is expecting an attack tomorrow morning by the 400 Navo Indians sent yesterday from Nogales under command of General Obregon, chief of all insurgent state troops.

While strong state forces hold Ojeda's small federal garrison bottled in Naco, Obregon first will attempt to crush the Cananea garrison, which, it is feared, might combine with Ojeda's group. The movements of the state troops are being made on the branch lines of the Southern Pacific of Mexico running from Nogales southeast to Cananea and north again to Naco.

Antonio Rojas, a rebel general from Chihuahua, with 150 men, is reported to be in the town of Mocimera. American residents, escaped State forces sent against Rojas had not arrived.

SNOW STORM SWEEPS OVER NORTH CENTRAL STATES

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., March 20.—A cold wave and snow driven by a high wind swept over Minnesota, North Dakota and South Dakota today. On the Minneapolis, St. Paul & Sault Ste. Marie line there have been no trains between Egel and Overly, N. D., since last Thursday.

CLAYTON DEPOSITS STATE FUNDS UNDER OWN NAME

DENVER, March 20.—The state bank examiner reported tonight on the condition of affairs in the state insurance commissioner's office. The report states that it was found that \$126,000 belonging to the department is deposited in a local bank to the credit of W. L. Clayton, insurance commissioner, while Clayton is under \$30,000 bond. It was recommended that all state boards and institutions make deposits directly to the state treasurer in the future, thus abolishing the custom of the head of a board or department depositing state funds under personal accounts.

ZIONIST MEETING BREAKS UP IN A FREE-FOR-ALL

ZION CITY, Ill., March 20.—Two elders were severely beaten and several other Zionites slightly injured tonight when rioting broke out between the followers of Wilbur Glenn Voliva and employees of the Cook electrical plant.

STANDPATISM DEAD, SAYS BRYAN

Points to Progressives in Many States Who Have Wrought A Change

DES MOINES, Ia., March 20.—"Standpatism is dead," declared William J. Bryan, secretary of state, at the annual banquet of the Jefferson club here tonight. The statement came early in his speech, and the orator, speaking before a crowd which filled the big coliseum here, dwelt long upon the fact that he believed that the highest accomplishment of the present administration would be the restoration of what he termed the spirit of our forefathers to the institutions of the United States.

"You cannot cross the United States," declared Mr. Bryan, "without passing through a state which is governed by a progressive Democrat. Illinois has just placed one in office. Ohio elected a progressive at the last election, as did Nebraska, Kansas and Missouri, and you came very near to filling out this list by electing one here in Iowa."

Just a day or two before I left Washington a new United States senator arrived. He was a progressive Democrat from New Hampshire. The leader in the senate is John W. Kern, for whom 6,000,000 progressive Democrats cast their votes for vice president a short time ago. More than this, the senate has been made progressive, and the new rules of that body enable the majority of the party to control."

Confident of Own Ability.
Secretary Bryan was in a humorous vein during a large part of the address, and insisted that he made the present speaking appointments in the west because he had to do something to prevent the people from believing he would be a member of the cabinet. He exhorted the office seekers to remember that every platform of the party for the last 20 years had placed principles before office holding, but that the fact which appalled was he was not able to appoint all of his friends to office.

He had no doubt, he declared, of his ability to perform the public duties of the office to which the president had called him, as he expected to use the principles of common sense necessary in every day life in solving the problems of office.

"The same principles which allow two men to live together as neighbors will enable this nation to live on terms of peace with every other nation," he said.

Secretary Bryan also stated that he had discovered that one of the duties he would be able to perform while secretary of state was the announcement of the "plans I put in my

PROGRESSIVES WILL DEMAND RECOGNITION
Call Issued for Caucus on April 2, to Prepare for Extra Session

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"We are not claiming great numerical strength," said Mr. Himebaugh, "but we propose to have a distinct party in the house. We are the major minority party in the United States. We produced at the national election a larger popular vote than the Republicans. Our presidential candidate received 11 times as many electoral votes as the Republican candidate. We shall demand minority representation on all committees and fair treatment in a division of the time on the floor of the house. We propose to work for the actual enactment into law of all the Progressive principles as enunciated in the national party platform at Chicago, which we hold to be our contract with the people."

Mr. Himebaugh conferred today with Representative Murdock of Kansas, who is to be put forward as Progressive leader of the house.

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REMOVAL SALE

We are going to move shortly and in order to reduce our stock immediately are placing our entire stock of ready-to-wear Suits in medium to heavy weights on sale at

1/2 Price

All our Overcoats, brown, gray and fancy patterns; over 40 to choose from; on sale at one price. **\$12**
Suits and Overcoats made to measure, heavy, medium and light weights. **1/4 OFF**

Store for rent. Some of fixtures for sale.

M. GREINBERG

NEW YORK TAILOR AND CLOTHIER
108 E. Pikes Peak

Ugly Charges Are Made Against Ambassador Wilson by Mexican Refugee Who Escaped to U. S.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 20.—Col. Manuel Blanche Alcázar, publisher of the New Era, a Mexican daily newspaper generally regarded as the mouthpiece of the late President Madero's administration, arrived today with the assertion that he is in a position to prove that Madero was shot to death and that Vice President Suarez was strangled in the national palace on the night of February 23, and their bodies taken to the prison in an automobile.

"The reported assault by the guard," said Alcázar, "was merely a farcical ruse and a part of the plot. If the automobile was fired upon, the guards were only pouring lead into the dead bodies of the president and vice president, who were murdered in the palace hours before."

Colonel Alcázar described himself as an intimate friend of Madero. His mission to this country, he said, would be to expose the plot which brought about the Diaz uprising and the alleged assassination of Madero and Suarez.

Accompanied by his wife, two small children and his brother, Joaquin, an army captain, Alcázar fled from Mexico City, February 23, taking an obscure route to Salina Cruz. The party disguised themselves as peasants. On reaching the west coast port, the party remained for 12 days in seclusion, believing they would be killed if discovered by agents of the new government.

They chartered a barge to reach Acapulco, upon which they took passage with other refugees.

Wilson Refused Aid.

Colonel Alcázar asserted that news of Madero's fate was known in Washington before the hour named in the official version as the time of the alleged attempt to rescue him.

"As a matter of fact," said he, "President Madero and Vice President Suarez were killed between 5 and 9:30 o'clock, Mexico City time, on the night of February 23. The president was burned to death. Suarez was shot to death. His secretary, Fernandez de la Regenera, saw the body two days later, and there were finger marks on the throat. One eye had been forced from its socket and the tongue protruded."

Colonel Alcázar was positive in his assertion that Madame Madero had told him there was no hope for her husband, basing this on an interview she had with American Ambassador Wilson on the afternoon of February 22.

"Madame Madero and Madame Suarez went together to the ambassador to implore him to intercede for their husbands' lives," he said. "I saw them when they were the embassy and they told me there was no hope. They said, 'Ambassador Wilson had expressed to them his belief that the president and vice president would be executed, as the Huertistas regarded their deaths as necessary for the good of the country.'"

"General Azarade was in command of the guard that night. I was told by another officer of the guard that it was he who shot Madero and Suarez."

By letter, in his criticism of Ambassador Wilson, Colonel Alcázar declared the American diplomat had declined to intercede to save him from arrest and death.

Protected Americans.

"I had protected 15 American families in my school, the Internado Nacional," said he, "where I commanded 200 soldiers, feeding the Americans and housing them during all the fighting from February 9 to 18. After the Huerta coup, fearing arrest and execution, I went to the American ambassador and appealed for his aid. In return for my protection of his people, he told me at first he could do nothing. Finally he asked me to write my name on a card, with that of my brother. Soon afterward a friend of mine rushed to me with the information that the American ambassador had given a card on which

were the names of my brother and myself to Secretary of the Interior Granados, and the latter had immediately issued orders for our arrest. This friend had overheard part of a conversation between the ambassador and Granados, in which, he says, the ambassador had said that my brother and I were in fear of arrest. Granados replied that we had escaped his attention, but he would attend to our cases at once, and the order of arrest was issued.

"My friend hastened to me, gave me his purse and urged me to flee. I left Mexico City disguised as a truck laborer, at 10 o'clock that night. My wife and babies were disguised. Thanks to a friendly train conductor, we made our way to Salina Cruz and embarked for San Francisco."

Colonel Alcázar says Mexico will know no peace for years.

"Diaz wants to be president," he asserted, "but Huerta will never permit the peace until he is driven by successful revolutionists. He tells Diaz there will be no election until he has restored peace throughout the country. Huerta has not the slightest intention of carrying out his pact with Diaz and the other conspirators."

Alcázar asserts that papers that have been smuggled out of Mexico will assist in proving his charges. These papers will reach him at Los Angeles, for which city he left tonight.

SENATE TAKES UP 13 ECONOMY BILLS

SPECIAL TO THE GAZETTE.
DENVER, March 20.—Tonight at 7:30 o'clock the senate began consideration of the first batch of the economy bills prepared by Governor Ammons and the senate finance committee. Thirteen bills have thus far been prepared, and there are more to follow. They have been made special orders, and will be moved through the senate as fast as possible.

There is nothing revolutionary about the bills. The total savings, if they are all passed, will be about \$140,000 in a biennial period, as estimated by Senator Burris, chairman of the finance committee. The measures are as follows:

S. B. 494—Providing that the state funds may be divided among the state and national banks of Colorado, according to capital, surplus, and undivided profits. Deposits are to be made in multiples of \$1,000, and are to draw interest at 3 per cent, except that the state treasurer is given the option of taking only 2 1/2 per cent for funds deposited in Denver banks.

S. B. 495—Requiring heads of all state institutions to submit budgets of estimated expenses and revenues for the biennial period 15 days before each session of the legislature.

S. B. 496—Providing for the custody of all state funds.

S. B. 502—Fixing office hours for all state employees from 9 a. m. to 3 p. m., with noon closing Saturdays through the summer months.

S. B. 503—Repealing the act establishing the state board of immigration. This will save about \$17,000 for the biennial period.

S. B. 504—Requiring that all fees shall be paid direct to the state treasurer.

S. B. 505—Fixing the bond of the state treasurer at \$1,000,000.

S. B. 526—Requiring officers and employees of state institutions to furnish reports at the request of the governor.

S. B. 538—Consolidating the insurance, banking and building and loan departments into one department, under a commissioner of banking and insurance, appointed by the governor at a salary of \$4,000. This, it is estimated, will save from \$5,000 to \$12,000 a biennial period.

S. B. 522—Repealing that section of

The Diamond Month Is April

The diamond store is ours. Every weight stone and every variety of mounting.

The Johnson Jewelry Co.

the statutes which gives the state veterinarian \$500 per year for his services in connection with meat inspection.

S. B. 534—Giving the state auditing board power to transfer an employee from one office or department to another, without, however, changing his salary.

S. B. 507—Giving the governor power at any time to call for reports from all officers and employees in all departments, boards, bureaus and commissions.

S. B. 541—Prohibiting state officers and employees from circulating or soliciting signatures to initiative and referendum petitions.

Governor's Pet Program.

This, with good roads, is the pet program of the governor. Upon it he intends to make his record. His opponents do not deny that economies are needed in the capitol. They admit that most of the proposed measures should be passed. But they point to the fact that a saving of \$140,000 is proposed, while millions are needed adequately to run the state's business, as proving the inadequacy of the governor's plan.

There is an increasing number of men in the legislature, of all parties, who are convinced that there must be thorough-going reform in Colorado's tax system. As P. B. Gates, one of the house leaders, put it: "It's all right to save a few thousand dollars, if it can be done without impairing the efficiency of the government, but what we need and must have is a larger revenue. And the very men who have opposed the utilities bill, and who have scolded most loudly about extravagance, are the men who will most strenuously oppose any reform in the tax system. For they are the men who profit from special privilege, and it is because special privilege is not paying its fair share of the state's expenses that the state has reached its present deplorable financial condition."

Senator Tierney is another Democrat who is inclined to think that Governor Ammons' plan is entirely inadequate. He, too, believes there must be tax reform, and being an ardent single-taxer, he thinks he knows just what reform is needed.

But the governor will have the opportunity to put his pet theories of economy into practice. There will be no opposition to the most of his bills; they will be enacted as a matter of course. For everybody knows that thousands of dollars are squandered every year at the capitol. P. B. Gates and others in the house have announced that they will oppose any bill cutting the salaries of clerks and stenographers, so that measure, if the governor introduces it, will meet strenuous opposition. But the consolidation of boards and the cutting off of useless employees will not be opposed.

There has been some talk of the appointment of an efficiency commission, which during the next two years shall make a scientific study of the situation in Colorado. No one has as yet taken the lead in pushing such a measure, however; it has not seemed to appeal to Governor Ammons.

But, even if the governor does save the \$140,000 he expects by the passage of this bill, the institutions of the state will still be short at least \$1,000,000 of the amount for which they have asked, and which they need for the adequate carrying on of their work.

MRS. EATON ARRESTED FOR MURDER HUSBAND

Widow Charged With Administering Arsenic, Which Produced Death

PLYMOUTH, Mass., March 20.—Mrs. Jennie May Eaton was locked up in the county jail here last today pending a hearing on the charge that she murdered her husband, Rear Admiral Joseph Giles Eaton, by poisoning him.

She was brought here from Hingham, where she had been arraigned earlier in the day following her arrest. Through counsel, she pleaded not guilty, waived the reading of the complaint and was held without bail for examination, March 22.

It has not been determined whether the inquest into the sudden death of the admiral will be resumed. It was intimated tonight that Mrs. Eaton might not be brought to trial. The possible appointment of a commission to pass upon her sanity was suggested.

District Attorney Barker had a conference today in Boston with Chief Justice Aikens of the superior court. It was thought his errand might be in connection with the convening of a special grand jury to consider the case.

When Mrs. Eaton, who is a stout woman, 45 years of age, entered the jail here she was dressed in the black suit she wore at her husband's funeral. A mourning veil partially hid her face. She had been weeping, but generally maintained the composure that has characterized her bearing from the first.

Death Was Unexpected.

Admiral Eaton died in his bed at the home in Norwell, where he lived with his wife, her mother, Mrs. George Harrison, and his step-daughter, Dor-

WILL AMMONS VETO THE UTILITIES BILL?

Little Further Delay Expected on Measure in Either Branch Assembly

By R. M. MCINTOCK

DENVER, March 20.—Although the public utilities bill has not yet been formally adopted on third reading by the house, there is no question but that this will be done as soon as the bill is printed, with the amendments, and engrossed. It can be amended only by unanimous consent, and this would be impossible in the case of any controverted section.

Members of the house are now wondering what the senate will do with the bill as amended. One thing is certain, and that is, that the senate cannot reopen the fight on sections 36 and 37. Those sections were not amended by the house, and all the senate can do is to concur in or reject amendments made to the bill in the house.

There is considerable doubt as to whether the senate will concur in the Persons amendments. There is no one in that body to make a fight for them on the floor. Senator Burris, one of the authors of the bill, however, is favorable to them. It is not certain, either, that the senate will concur in the action of the house in exempting railroads from the provisions of section 35. Inasmuch as railroads were not exempted from sections 36 and 37, regulating bond and stock issues, however, it is not expected that there would be any great reluctance on the part of the house to defer to the senate with regard to section 35, which provides that a certificate of convenience and necessity must be obtained for all new construction.

Anticipate no Changes.

It is the general opinion that the senate will refuse to concur in the house amendments, that the house will refuse to recede from its position, and that a conference committee will be appointed. It is believed, both by Speaker Skinner of the house and Senator Burris of the senate, that the conference committee will have no difficulty in reaching a decision that will be accepted both in the senate and in the house.

There remains, then, only the possibility that the governor will veto the bill. This is scarcely within the range of possibilities, even though the governor's closest political friends—Senator Patterson, Fred Johnson, and the Denver business interests who so largely dictate the governor's movements—are opposed to the bill. To veto the measure would mean political suicide for Senator Patterson, realizes by this time how important in the demand, from all sections of the state, for a strong utilities bill. It is probable that never before in its history has the News been so thoroughly condemned for any position it has taken as for its opposition to the utilities bill.

What Patterson and the interests he represents will endeavor to do, undoubtedly, will be to invoke the referendum, thus postponing the operation of the bill until after 1914, with the possibility that the people might be misled into defeating it at the polls. The bill does not carry the saving clause, exempting it from the operation of the referendum.

Only Ainsworth. The death was unexpected and due, the other members of the family said, to an attack of indigestion which followed a too hearty meal of roast pork.

Circumstances led to an investigation, and according to a statement made by District Attorney Barker today, evidences of arsenical poisoning was made by Professor Whitney, who analyzed the contents of the stomach. The formal report of Professor Whitney has not been made.

For ten days the authorities have known that the admiral died of arsenical poisoning and their efforts have been directed to finding where and by whom the poison was obtained, and to laying bare the home life of the Eaton family.

In the first quest they have not been successful, the district attorney says. Along the second line of inquiry a wealth of evidence has been furnished by friends of the family and neighbors. The admiral and his wife, who was 28 years his junior, did not always agree, it is said, regarding those who should be received at their home.

Witness at Inquest.

HINGHAM, Mass., March 20.—Mrs. Eaton, widow of Rear Admiral Joseph G. Eaton, was arrested here today, charged with the murder of her husband.

District Attorney A. F. Barker announced the arrest in the following statement: "Mrs. Eaton is under arrest, charged with the murder of her husband, Rear Admiral Joseph Giles Eaton. Admiral Eaton did not die of natural poisoning. This fact was communicated to me on March 10 by Professor Whitney, in a preliminary verbal report, and has been known to the officers working on the case since that time. Death was due to arsenical poisoning. Peculiar features which are involved have prevented the authorities from communicating them to the public. We have been unable thus far to ascertain where the poison was secured. Mrs. Eaton was arrested at her home this morning."

Mrs. Eaton was a witness today at the secret inquest into her husband's death. She drove from her home in an automobile, accompanied by two police officers.

Mrs. Eaton was later arraigned before Judge Pratt, who conducted the inquest into the admiral's death. She pleaded not guilty and was committed to jail without bail for further hearing, March 22.

Admiral Eaton died suddenly on the morning of March 6. He was 68 years old, but, according to his friends, had been in good health. Two days later the body was buried at Braintree, his former home.

There were no funeral services, besides the undertakers and newspapermen only the widow and her daughter by another marriage witnessing the interment. There were no military honors.

SALE OF HOUSE WARES

Continues all day Friday in our daylight basement. Many interesting prices found.

Kaufman's

Easter Bargains Friday

Many Needfuls for the Easter Dress Parade, Specially Priced for Today

New Russian Blouse Suits \$25

Made of wool poplin, the season's most wanted fabric. New belted Russian blouse effect, fancy piped jacket. Draped skirt. This suit shown in tan and Copenhagen blue; special at **\$25**

Men's Wear Serge Suits \$25

Smart 28-inch jacket, full peau de cygne lined. Man tailored garment with hair cloth bust. Skirt plain tailored with back and front fold. Misses' sizes, 14 to 18, and women's sizes, 34 to 44, shown in black, navy and gray; special at **\$25**

\$7.95 Wool Dresses \$5.75

50 one-piece wool dresses of plain storm and Botany serge, fancy mixtures and shepherd checks. Plain and fancy Russian-silk trimming. Remarkably well tailored and perfect fitting. In navy, black, tan, brown; Copenhagen and garnet, sizes 14 to 40. Easily worth \$7.95; Easter special Friday and Saturday **\$5.75**

25c Windsor Ties 19c

Women's and boys' all silk Windsor ties, full length, in black, white, navy, scarlet, garnet, and all wanted solid colors; 25c values, today **19c**
Boys' Dept., 1st Floor.

\$1.25 Hand Bags 95c

A wide assortment of the newest shapes and styles in ladies' leather hand bags, in tan, blue, brown and black. Gilt and nickel frames, leather handle; \$1.25 values. Today **95c**
Leather Goods, 1st Floor.

Easter Ribbon Sale

Silk taffeta hair bow ribbons, with satin stripe and edge in pink, blue, cardinal, Alice, navy and white, 5 1/2 inches wide. Special **25c**

Taffeta ribbon, extra quality for hair bows, sashes, etc., in all solid colors; real worth 25c. Easter special **20c**

Soft satin or messaline ribbon, for sash, girdle or trimming; 5 1/2 inches wide, in the newest spring shades; Havana, Nellrose, gold, coral, etc.; 35c value. Easter special **25c**

Warp print taffeta, with satin edge; Bulgarian and floral patterns, in light and dark combination colors, 5 inches wide; a real 38c value. Easter sale **29c**
Ribbons, 1st Floor.

Perrin's La Mure Kid Gloves

\$1.15

First quality kid, 2-clasp glove, sizes 5 1/2 to 7, in orange, grey, mode, green and red. A regular \$1.50 value; special Friday and Saturday.

1st Floor.

Easter Gloves and Hose

Wayne knit silk hose, hile top, garter hem, high spliced heel, hile sole and toe; in black, white and tan; sizes 8 to 10. A 75c quality for **50c**

Wayne knit stockings for boys and girls, double-heel and toe; none better for wear; in black only; sizes 8 1/2 to 10 1/2. Easter special **12 1/2c**

Kayser 16-button leatherette gloves, in chamols and white; sizes 5 1/2 to 8; 75c values. Easter sale **59c**

Silk gloves, 16 button length, in black and white; sizes 5 1/2 to 8; reinforced finger tips; \$1 values. Special **75c**

Hosiery Dept., 1st Floor.

Easter Ruching 25c

Easter ruching in all shades and colors. Plain and fancy chiffon taffeta folds; rosebuds, nets and beaded effects. Neat, dainty patterns, popularly priced **25c**
Ladies' Furnishings, 1st Floor.

\$1.50 Auto Veils \$1.12

Changeable chiffon auto veils, in navy, green, French blue, orange, gray, American beauty, amber, brown and other wanted colorings, sizes 1 yd. by 1 1/4 yds.; \$1.50 values. Special **1.12**
Ladies' Furnishings, 1st Floor.

Trimmed Hats for Easter at \$4.95

Special showing of Easter Trimmed Hats at the above price.

We pride ourselves on the hats we show at \$4.95 and invite you to examine them most critically. New small shapes, tan crowns and hood effects; large flat crowns with wide brims. Milans, hair braids, straws, etc., trimmed with near Numidi, fancy feathers, flowers and ribbons. All the newer colorings and combinations, shown in hats worth from \$2 to \$3 more than our special Easter price.



Easter Suggestions for the Man Who Cares

E. & W. guaranteed shirts, in new Easter patterns, blue, lavender and black striped percale. Coat style with attached cuffs, sizes 14 to 17 1/2. A good value at \$1.00; our special Easter price **75c**

New collection of open-end and reversible 4-in-hands, in Easter colorings, now being shown at **50c**

Buy a pair of our pure thread silk half hose, in all solid colors and every size. Reinforced heels and sole. **25c**

Men's Section, 1st Floor.

Knit Underwear for Women and Children

Our showing for spring is now complete. New shapes in union suits, comfy cut, 3-piece "Korrek Knit" closed suits, fancy ribbed vests in hile and silk. Italian silk vests, plain and embroidered. Merode, Zimmerli and various other well known lines in complete assortment for women, misses, children and boys, in union suits and separate garments. Priced 15c to \$5 garment.

Reuben and Princess infants' vests and bands, in all weights and sizes.

Easter Special \$1.50 Lingerie Waist 95c

A shipment of 10 dozen lingerie waists for Easter service on sale Friday and Saturday. Neat embroidered effects in lawn and voiles. Long or short sleeves, high or low necks; lace and velvet ribbon trimmed. Every size in six different styles of \$1.50 waists, Friday and Saturday **95c**

Easter Special Initial Stationery 35c

24 sheets of Eaton, Crane & Pike's linen finish paper and 24 envelopes, stamped in Delft blue with new long initial, Easter special **35c**

EASTER OFFERING SPRING COATS Special at \$15

Garments of unusual attractiveness. Real Bedford cords, full messaline lined and fancy Bulgarian silk trimmed collar and cuff. Storm serges, novelty fabrics and shepherd checks—an immense assortment to select from; 3/4 length, modified cutaway models, in sizes 14 to 44; special at **\$15**

ONLY ONE "Bromo Quinine" that is **Laxative Bromo Quinine**
Cure a Cold in One Day, Grip in 2 Days

E. W. Johnson

May Ask for Grand Jury

"Whether or not the district attorney's office will request the district court to impanel a grand jury to investigate the police department and the conditions of affairs generally, will depend on the result of investigations now being made," last night declared M. M. Burns, assistant district attorney. "I told the police department some time ago that if they did not 'hit the ball' the next time it was thrown to them, I would put a bomb under the city hall."

"We are investigating other cases, and if the results warrant, a grand jury will be requested. This crusade will go on, and by the time we have finished, every rooming house in town will have been investigated. We will clean up every house, and the proprietors will have to conform to the law or get out of town. The police gave us absolutely no assistance in the recent arrests and exposures. The district attorney's office and the sheriff's office worked together. Detective Gast was the only member of the police department to aid us in the testimony against Blanch Pettier. He said that her reputation was bad, and evidently tried to help us. Other members of the police force testified that they knew nothing wrong about her; that her reputation was good, etc., etc. Conditions here must be remedied, and remedied quickly, or something sudden is going to happen."

EXPOSE CONDITIONS IN POLICE DEPARTMENT

(Continued From Page One.)

standing of those who testified should be taken into consideration before they are tried and convicted in the court of public opinion.

Five minutes after the alleged call from the police, advising that Mrs. Gilman leave the Halcyon rooming house, the landlady called up headquarters and asked if such an order had been given. She was informed by Acting Chief Burk that the police had not given the order and that it was not known that the Gilman woman was at the Halcyon. Last evening the landlady, who received the message, declared that the voice giving it over the telephone was not that of either Stark or Sergeant Henderson.

At the investigation last night Patrolman Ten Eyck said that he went to the Halcyon about 1:30 o'clock Wednesday morning and asked to see Mrs. Gilman. The house is on his beat, and the object of his visit, he said, was to learn whether Mrs. Gilman was there and to find out what she was doing. Whether or not he informed her of the arrest of Blanch Pettier, as testified to yesterday by Mrs. Gilman, has not yet been brought out by those who are investigating the case.

"Know Nothing" of Woman.

Although members of the police department were called as witnesses in the case against the Pettier woman yesterday, their testimony was to the effect that they knew nothing against the character of the house she operated. The sensation was sprung, however, when Assistant District Attorney Burns charged in open court that the police have been protecting rooming houses of questionable character and that witnesses for the state in its work of prosecuting proprietors of the resorts have been intimidated or spirited out of town.

As the testimony showing the alleged corruption of the police would impeach his own witnesses, the prosecutor secured special permission from District Judge W. S. Morris to introduce his testimony. Burns made his request to impeach his witnesses in writing and the court overruled all objections of the defense, which protested against the admission of such testimony.

Mrs. Adele Gilman, arrested with Blanch Pettier on a charge of conducting a disorderly house, turned state's evidence, and in fact became a star witness for the prosecution. She told on the witness stand that Patrolman Ten Eyck, when he learned of the Pettier woman's arrest, went to her in the Halcyon at 1:30 o'clock in the morning and informed her of Mrs. Pettier's arrest.

"What conversation did you have?" was asked.

Worries Over "Blanchie."

"He said, 'What do you think is going to happen to poor Blanchie? We all must hang together and they can't convict her. You're with us, ain't you?' If you stand pat you'll be taken care of. I told him that I would stick with them."

"Did Ten Eyck seem cheerful or worried?"

"Worried. He was awfully nervous and restless, and he cried part of the time he was talking about poor Blanchie."

"Were you ordered to leave the Halcyon rooming house yesterday?"

"Yes, when I went to my room yesterday after testifying here, the landlady told me that she was sorry but I would have to leave the house. She said she had received a message purporting to come from the acting chief of police ordering her to throw me out."

"Did you leave?"

"I did not."

"Did you ever see Ten Eyck drinking in the Vendome with Mrs. Pettier and other women?"

"Yes, they usually were careful when a policeman came up not to have any outsiders around."

Mrs. Gilman also testified that Mrs. Pettier told her the police had arranged to "tip her off" whenever the captain or chief ordered a raid, and that they had told her how everyone could escape.

Call Lombard a Liar.

One of the most sensational incidents of the forenoon came during the cross examination of Mrs. Gilman by Attorney W. D. Lombard of the defense.

"Is it not true that you were ordered out of Denver because you were pick-pocket and a hophead?" demanded Lombard.

"You're a liar," shrieked Mrs. Gilman, jumping to her feet and pounding with her gloved hand on the railing in front of her.

Judge Morris quieted the witness and reprimanded Lombard.

"Unless you are more careful I will turn this witness loose on you," threatened the court.

Asked concerning her husband, Mrs. Gilman declared that she would produce her husband if Lombard insisted. "Where is he?"

"None of your business."

During most of the examination the bailiff was kept busy quieting the spectators who thronged the court room. Several serious differences occurred between Judge Morris and Attorney Lombard over rulings of the court and several times Lombard was warned that another word might cause him trouble.

"Both you and Mr. Burns have been in ill temper ever since this trial began," the court told Lombard.

"My ill temper is not caused by this case but because of the conditions surrounding it," claimed Burns.

When Mrs. Gilman was called in rebuttal, Burns said:

"I am going to have to impeach my own witnesses. I know such a proceeding is contrary to the rules of evidence, but owing to the circumstances I am compelled to do so. I will make an offer and if the court declines to permit this course I shall support it with affidavits."

Regarding Pincock.

In cross-examining Mrs. Pettier, Burns asked:

"Isn't it a fact that Harry Pincock, former city detective, was in the habit of laying up in your house last fall and that you took care of him?"

"It is not."

Mrs. Pettier also admitted that on June 1, 1909, she caused the arrest of a man on a charge of stealing from her \$5 which he had given her. She said that the case was dismissed and at the time of its dismissal she went to the district attorney's office and charged Burns with having been paid \$300 for dismissing it. She said that she was much younger then and that she knew now that there was nothing in the charge.

Mrs. Gilman testified yesterday that Mrs. Pettier told her that she would pay for her piano and phonograph with proceeds from the sale of empty beer and whisky bottles in her rooming house.

Juveniles were excluded from the court room. One boy managed to elude the bailiff, but he was seen by Judge Morris, who halted the case long enough to order the boy from the room.

Coal Miner Testifies.

At the beginning of the afternoon session testimony was introduced tending to show that Thomas J. Gavin, city detective, spent considerable time at the Vendome and that the proprietress, Blanch Pettier, took her orders from him. Victor Crockett, a coal miner, said that on Christmas eve he and another man took a 16-gallon keg of beer to the Vendome. When they asked Mrs. Pettier if they could bring the keg in he said she asked Gavin, who was in the place, and he said, 'Bring it in.' The witness then said that Gavin assisted in the drinking of the beer. The "party" lasted from 11 p. m. to about 3 a. m. Crockett said that only one of the party was too drunk to "navigate." Who that party was did not develop.

Mrs. Gilman was the first witness called in the afternoon. She testified that both Patrolman Pross and Detective Gavin were frequent visitors at the Vendome. Pross, she said, frequently brought men there, telling Blanch that they had money they wanted to spend and "to show them a good time." She said that she never saw Gavin drinking there but that she had frequently seen him in the room where drinking was being done.

Police Captain Howard Stark was called by Prosecutor Burns. He de-

GAYNOR AND WALDO KNEW BECKER'S ACTS

Brother-in-Law Had Informed Them of Misdeeds as Early as August, 1911

NEW YORK, March 20.—Letters read today before the aldermanic committee investigating police graft showed that Mayor Gaynor and Police Commissioner Waldo were warned against the character of Police Lieutenant Charles Becker as far back as August, 1911. John F. Lynch, brother-in-law of Becker, who is now in the death house at Sing Sing for the murder of Herman Rosenthal, the gambler, bitterly denounced the former police officer in a letter to the mayor. The letter was referred to Commissioner Waldo, who told the mayor that "this seems to be a family row," and "Becker is doing excellent work."

"One of my sisters is, unfortunately, his wife. She works for him, teaches school," Lynch wrote of Becker, "and he, hero-like, takes her money. She being away, she asked another of my sisters to come to his house yesterday to look. He immediately attempted to assault her. She successfully resisted, threatening to cut him with a carving knife, whereupon he got his revolver and shouted that he would shoot her."

"By yelling 'murder' she was able to get out. He threatened her with arrest, and said he would get a hold of his squad (the strong-arm squad) to catch her on the street some night and lock her up. She came home crying, and with her waist torn."

Sorry Mayor Not Killed.

In a postscript to his letter to the mayor, Lynch said:

"As further evidence of his character, I would say that he has frequently expressed the sentiment regarding your misfortune of a year ago that Gallagher should be electrocuted for not having killed you."

The Gallagher referred to was the man who shot Mayor Gaynor aboard a steamship at Hoboken.

Becker's wife stood by Becker staunchly during his exposure and trial, and is now aiding in his appeal to the court.

Another letter, written to the mayor last March by one Henry Williams, asked that Becker be investigated.

"He is getting more money than a former chief of police," the writer said, naming the chief. This missive was sent by Mayor Gaynor to police headquarters. There it was turned over to Becker himself, the record showed, "for investigation and report."

Becker's report was that he had assigned a detective to find the writer, and that the detective had failed to do so, after interviewing nine men named Henry Williams. Becker added that he feared the writer could not be found, and suggested that some other member of the force be assigned to the task.

It was noted that any order had been issued by the department for Mrs. Gilman to leave town.

Late in the afternoon the state rested its case and the defense sparred for time in an effort to locate a witness named Alexander, through whom, it is said, it hoped to attack the character of the Gilman woman. Judge Morris refused to grant a recess or continuance, and intimated that Mrs. Gilman's character could not be attacked in the manner indicated by Attorney Lombard. Alexander could not be found and Lombard called Mrs. Pettier to the stand. A few minutes later, with no more witnesses to examine, the case closed and Judge Morris read his instructions to the jury. Arguments for both sides occupied the next hour, and shortly before time for adjournment the case went to the jury.

Alice Turpin and Lucile Jardine, who were arrested Tuesday night by the sheriff on a charge of being inmates of a disorderly house next door west of the Vendome, were arraigned Wednesday in Justice Gowdy's court and held to the district court. They were released from jail under bond of \$300 each. The lodging house in which they were arrested is run by Blanch Pettier.

BRYAN'S ASST. RESIGNS

(Continued From Page One.)

his own service, and President Wilson immediately designated Second Assistant Secretary Ade as act as secretary of state during Secretary Bryan's absence.

A probable result of the resignation will be the immediate appointment under a recess commission of John Bassett Moore, as counselor of the department of state with authority to act as secretary.

In a 1,000-word letter to President Wilson, the former acting secretary of state set forth that when he consented to continue for a time with the new administration he did not understand there were to be any radical changes of policy for which he would be called on to act as spokesman. The letter continued in part:

Reasons for Resignation.

"It today becomes the duty of the acting secretary of state in dispatching instructions to the representatives of this government abroad, and as the channel of communication with the representatives of foreign governments at Washington, to be spokesman of the president in regard to a new far-reaching policy, which is apparently deducible from your statement issued to the press last night. Inasmuch as I find myself entirely out of harmony with this radical change of policy, as I understand it, I trust that you will sympathize with the view that it was not appropriate that I should longer bear the responsibility of the office which I have now relinquished."

"I had no reason to suppose that the officials on duty in the department of state would learn first from the newspapers of a declaration of policy which I think shows on its face the inadequacy of the consideration given to the facts and theories involved and the failure clearly to apprehend the motives leading to and the purposes of the policy superseded. I had no reason to suppose that the fate of negotiations which had so long had the stu-

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dious attention of the foreign offices of six great powers would be absolutely determined with such quite unnecessary haste and in so unusual a manner. These methods, against which I respectfully protest, are the very extraordinary circumstances which I feel vitiate my understanding with Mr. Bryan and completely relieve me of any further obligation in the premises.

American Bankers Safe.

"The repeated utterances of the last administration must have made it perfectly clear that the motive and purposes of the policy now abandoned were first and primarily the protection of China's integrity and sovereignty, morally, materially and governmentally, the development of China's resources and the maintenance of our traditional policy of the 'open door' of equality of opportunity for American enterprises. Precisely because of the ultimate possibility of a measure of foreign control of China's finances, which may be inferred from a study of other countries which have found themselves in a similar situation, it was indeed imperative that there should be American participation in the rehabilitation of China's finances. In order to make sure of the presence of the potent, friendly and disinterested influence of the United States. The only practicable method of such participation was by the use of reliable American bankers."

"In the consideration of the far eastern policy, I have felt that so much should be promised and that the problem of the government's using American bankers, while still scrupulously avoiding any monopolistic feature,



MRS. GEORGE STEARNS

Of New Haven.

"George is independently wealthy in his own right, and, regardless of money, I guess they can take care of themselves." This statement was issued by Mrs. Thomas Campbell, when she heard that George Stearns, the young Sheffield freshman, has not received a cordial welcome when he brought her daughter, "Naomi," the Restaurant Queen, home as his bride. Naomi's fame and face have been sung by poets ever since she became a waitress in the "Old Elk Restaurant," and her absence is mourned by many a sentimental student.

might now, as before, be found one of the most difficult preoccupations. I have always thought that in the work of advancing the national interests and promoting the welfare of other nations, the financial force of the United States could be marshaled in some manner to present a safely united front abroad, where it would be like the apex of a triangle, but would have at home at its base broad equality of opportunity both for citizens desiring to invest and for bankers desiring to engage in these difficult and relatively risky ventures. It seems, however, that the conclusions reached are expressed upon other grounds."

President Wilson replied:

"My Dear Sir: Allow me to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of yesterday and to say that I accept your resignation as you suggest, as of the present date."

The correspondence was given out at the White house today. Mr. Wilson's letter of resignation was dated yesterday. The president's acceptance was dated today.

JOHN MITCHELL TO AID GOV. SULZER WITH BILLS

ALBANY, N. Y., March 20.—John Mitchell, new president of the American Federation of Labor, has agreed to assist Governor Sulzer in passing upon proposed labor reform legislation, including the bills drafted by the New York state factory investigating commission and also on the workmen's compensation problem.

PRINCE ALBERT ALTERS ITINERARY OF HIS VISIT

SAN JUAN, Porto Rico, March 20.—The proposed visit of Prince Albert, son of King George of England, to San Juan during his tour of the West Indies, was cancelled today when the prince arrived at Mayaguez on board the British training ship Cumberland, and was informed of the assassination of the King of Greece.

FORCE BILL

(Continued from Page One.)

of the United States so involved, whether the same be reserved or unreserved, or withdrawn temporarily or permanently for any purpose whatever, except that the state does graciously concede to the federal government full rights to that property, the jurisdiction of which has been ceded by the state to the United States."

An appropriation of \$100,000—two-thirds of that amount proposed to save by his economy measures—is made to carry out the act.

Smalley (Progressive, Denver) called attention to the fact that it was foolish to pass such a law, as the United States supreme court had only recently decided, in the Fred Light case, that the state cannot pass laws applicable to government lands. He also pointed out the fact that the legislation is designed solely to help monopoly. Senator Thomas having pointed out that a power trust already exists in Colorado and the west. This trust, he showed, is behind the demand for this bill. "Your representatives in congress are able men and can get whatever legislation is needed to protect the state from any mistakes of conservation," he said.

Cunningham (Progressive, Larimer) said in his opinion it was a dangerous precedent to enact legislation in direct conflict with United States laws, and even Fincher (Democrat, Summit), who said he was as much opposed to conservation as anyone, admitted that this was going too far. Nevertheless, the bill passed on second reading, receiving almost solid Democratic support.

Lively Tilt in House.

There was a lively tilt in the house this afternoon when Lewis (Democrat, Teiler) accused Vogt (Democrat, Lincoln) of having inserted an amendment into Lewis' mock signal bill for the purpose of moving the entire bill declared unconstitutional. Vogt, Lewis

charged, is working for the Rock Island.

Vogt, replying, admitted that he is working for the Rock Island, "but so am I working," he said, "for the entire state." The Rock Island has a manual block system, and Vogt's amendment provided that roads not having manual blocks need not install the automatic blocks provided for in the bill. Vogt contended that it would be a useless expense, one that the people would eventually have to pay for, to compel the Rock Island to discard its present system and install a new one.

"You're crazy," said Lewis. "All you ever think of is the Rock Island railroad."

Woods (Democrat, San Miguel) said he didn't see the necessity for block signal legislation. Inasmuch as the public utilities commission is given full power over the matter, he was told, however, that the bill is a Democratic campaign pledge.

The Clayton-Ammons-Philp insurance bill may come up in the house tomorrow. There is bound to be a bitter fight against it when it does come up. Wright (Democrat, Denver), it is understood, will lead a fight to strike out the enacting clause. Fincher expects the support of the State Fincher Democrats, who took charge of the efforts to amend the bill in committee of the whole, and did amend in numerous respects, though still leaving the appointment of the commissioner so open that Clayton can be reappointed. Most of the Progressives and Republicans will also oppose the bill, it is believed.

WOMAN AND THREE MEN ARRESTED FOR ROBBERY

DALLAS, Tex., March 20.—Detectives investigating the robbery of \$12,000 from a Bastron, La., bank, took into custody on suspicion here today Mrs. Harry Robinson and three men. In a money belt Mrs. Robinson wore were \$2,500 in bills and some jewels. One of the three men prisoners was Mrs. Robinson's husband. All denied any connection with the robbery.

The Gold Dust Twins' Philosophy

THE Village Sewing Circle met to gossip, in their little set, but one opinion seemed to hold despite the tendency to "scold." When vexing problems, such as say, "What shall we do on Cleaning Day?" confront the Housewife, she may feel that Gold Dust tackles them with zeal.

Staid matrons told of what a bore it was to scrub each dirty floor; young housewives thought that dishes claimed more worry than some others named. All uniformly took a "bit" from household work and argued it, while all in turn were loud in praise of what a part their Gold Dust plays. Those tasks which, anyway, are mean, decrease with Gold Dust on the scene.

Those "Cost-of-Living" puzzles put the chairman of the club on foot. Said she: "The Cost-of-Cleaning," too, should mean a mighty lot to you. If all of us combine, to buy those goods that have a "REASON WHY," ere long our husbands needn't fuss. They'll leave, finishing games to us."

The pennies count, as you must know, and cleaning makes the pennies go. If Gold Dust cuts the toil in two and makes economy come true, why not adopt the "Cleaner way" and join the "Gold Dust Club" today?

The Gold Dust Twins

K C Baking Powder is guaranteed absolutely pure and wholesome. There is no Rochelle salts, no harmful residue left in the food that is leavened with K C.

Even the most delicate can eat hot breads raised with K C without distress. Try K C Baking Powder breads if yeast-raised bread does not agree with you.

Ask the Clerk at the Counter for "STEERO" Bouillon

Rich, savory and wholesome.

"STEERO" Bouillon Cubes

See how easily "Steero" Bouillon is made. A "Steero" Cube just dropped into a cup and boiling water added.

Try it yourself at home.

Get "Steero" Cubes in boxes of 12 Cubes, 30 Cubes or 100 Cubes at drug stores, grocers or delicatessen dealers.

"A Cube Makes a Cup"

Distributed and Guaranteed by Schieffelin & Co. 170 William St. New York Under Pure Food Law, Serial No. 1

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MADE FROM ACTUAL PHOTOGRAPHS
TAKEN TWO MINUTES AFTER MOISTURE WAS APPLIED

GAZETTE--60c A MONTH

Chicago

...the door of the store was unlocked, and then went in and tried the combination of the safe. He did not discover the work of vegemen until

AND COFFEE CO.
Pure Food Specialties

GAZETTE-60c A MONTH

NY 8801

For Easter Day

NAMES LETTERED FREE ON ALL TEN CENT EGGS.

At the time the eggs and little names are all absolutely perfect in style, of beautiful colors and extra delicious.

The eggs are sold at a low price. If you are looking out for an Easter egg and he's good to you.

A little basket woven with different colors is inexpensive, and when filled with a beautiful candy nest and eggs, it will be a most pleasing gift.

These tiny eggs are only 15c a dozen. Come in and see the many beautiful novelties we have.

Burgess

PHONE MAIN EIGHTY-THREE
112-114 N. TEJON ST.

SPECIAL PRICES ON EASTER GOODS THIS WEEK AT

POLANT'S
119 S. Tejon

THE WEATHER

WASHINGTON, March 20. Forecast: Colorado. Fair Friday and Saturday, rising temperature Saturday and in north portions Friday.

The following meteorological record is furnished by the Colorado college weather bureau for the 24 hours ending at 6 p. m.:

Temperature at 6 a. m.	16
Temperature at 12 m.	17
Temperature at 6 p. m.	17
Maximum temperature	17
Minimum temperature	11
Mean temperature	14
Max. bar. pres., inches	23.85
Min. bar. pres., inches	23.66
Mean bar. pres., inches	23.75
Max. vel. of wind per hour	10
Max. vel. of wind per hour	10
Relative humidity at noon	82
Dew point at noon	54
Precipitation in inches	0

CITY BRIEFS

FOR quick service, call Quick Delivery. Phones Main 2000 and 2090. Adv.

EASTER PLANTS—You are invited to inspect the most elaborate display in the city at "Crump's," 511 E. Columbia St. PHONE MAIN FIVE HUNDRED.

SPECIAL FOR EASTER—Easter lilies, 25c per bud or bloom, at The Pike's Peak Floral Co., 104 N. Tejon St. Adv.

EASTER LILIES that are Easter lilies. Considering the quality, you can get better value here than elsewhere. No downtown store. Crump's, 511 E. Columbia St. Phone Main 500. Adv.

SHARES IN ESTATE—Mrs. George Harter, Bank of Colorado Springs, is one of the three heirs who will receive the estate of Campbell D. Titus, a pioneer Denver business man, who died recently. The estate is valued at \$12,523 and a provision was made in the will for the division.

THE ONLY FIREPROOF GARAGE in this city charges the same or less for storage, repairs, supplies and vulcanizing. Call and see. The G. W. Blake Auto Co.

SHAMROCK card party, Irish music, prizes, refreshments, at K. of P. hall, tonight at 8:30. Admission, 10c. Auspices Helen Hunt council, Royal League.

INCORPORATION—Articles of incorporation of the Non Profit Improvement Co., with capital stock of \$20,000, were filed yesterday in the office of the county clerk by Charles E. Noble, Edwin J. Eaton, and Franklin G. Brooks. The purpose of the company is to improve, operate and sell property on Nob Hill.

IMPROVED—There was a slight improvement last night in the condition of R. A. Briggs, street foreman, who has been seriously ill at his home for the last week as the result of an acci-

dent in which his jaw was bruised. It is now believed that the inflammation which spread yesterday to the upper portion of his face may be checked.

EASTER DEATH—What? Rev. Thomas Robert, preacher Sunday morning, 11 o'clock, at St. Stephen's church. Everybody invited to celebrate Easter by attending this service.

EASTER EGGS, candy and baked stuffs for sale by section one of the First Christian church tomorrow, all day, at 111 S. Tejon St.

PASSION SERVICE—The passion service will be held from 12 to 1 o'clock on Good Friday at St. Stephen's church. This service will include singing "The Story of the Cross" and "The Resurrection" with addresses on the Seven Last Words. People who cannot remain for the entire time are requested to enter and leave the church during the singing of the hymns.

Personal Mention

Verner Z. Reed, who has been in Denver for some time, left yesterday for Grand Junction to look over his numerous business interests there.

A. L. Drummond left yesterday for an overland tour by automobile to California. The car is driven by A. W. Markshoff. They expect to be gone about three weeks.

If his condition continues favorable, Child of Police Burgo is expected home tomorrow from Pueblo, where he has been taking treatment for pneumonia for several weeks.

Hans N. Hansen has returned home to Melotte, S. D., after an extended visit here with his sister, Miss Louise Hansen. Miss Hansen, who is a sister of Mrs. Oscar Johnson, 215 East Kiowa street, is in the city for the benefit of her health and will be taken to California in about two weeks.

BEN GREET PLAYERS

Burns, March 24, Y. M. C. A. Star Course. Adv.

PRIVATE SECRETARY TO GOV. GETS \$3,000 YEAR

SALFUM, Colo., March 20.—Miss Fern Hobbs, until today chief clerk to Gov. Russell West, hereafter will draw a salary of \$3,000 as the governor's private secretary. Her promotion came when Ralph A. Watson, who has been the governor's secretary, was appointed corporation commissioner, to administer the "blue sky" law recently enacted by the legislature. Miss Hobbs is the first woman to occupy such a position in Oregon. She is a talented young woman of great executive ability.

In one of the parks at San Jose, Cal., there are benches which cannot be occupied until a coin has been dropped in a slot provided for the purpose.

There are about 100 gas stoves in use in Hongkong, the Chinese cooks preferring their old methods, preparing their food over charcoal and wood fires.

Have your prescriptions and recipes filled by graduate pharmacists at

Opera House Drug Co.
2 Phones, Main 491-492.

Put Your Furs Away

When you put your furs away use moth balls. They'll keep the moths out and protect the garment from injury. We have a shipment of moth balls that are fresh and strong. They are reasonable, too.

F. L. Gutmann
Remember, We Sell No Liquors
Telephones 311 and 312
Corner Tejon and Bijou
Prescription Druggist

PRES. WILSON FILLS DIPLOMATIC POSTS

Charles W. Eliot Is Selected as the Ambassador to Great Britain

WASHINGTON, March 20.—Charles W. Eliot, president emeritus of Harvard university, has been selected by President Wilson for ambassador to Great Britain. Close friends of the president telegraphed Mr. Eliot tonight congratulating him and urging him to accept.

George W. Guthrie, Democratic state chairman of Pennsylvania, and former mayor of Pittsburgh, has been selected to be ambassador to Mexico. This information came from intimate friends of President Wilson tonight. From the same sources it was learned that Justice James W. Gerard of New York was a likely choice for ambassador to Italy, and that William Church Osborne of New York, Augustus Thomas Nelson, playwright, and possibly Thomas Nelson Page of Virginia would be ambassadors to European courts.

No one has been decided upon for ambassador to Japan. Frederick C. Penfield of Germantown, Pa., Seth Low, former mayor of New York, and Joseph E. Willard are under consideration for prominent places in the diplomatic service. John R. Mott, a Y. M. C. A. leader, has been offered the post of minister to China, and though he has declined, he is being strongly urged to reconsider.

Ernest Cortel of New York, after an investigation, demands segregation of the sexes for unmarried storage passengers on ocean steamers.

RINGWORM ON FACE AND ARMS

Red and Rough. Sometimes So Raw and Sore Could Not Wash Her Face Without Her Crying. Cuticura Soap and Ointment Cured in Week.

Sison, Cal.—"I first noticed little red blotches on my little girl's face and arms. The blotches began to get sore and the least thing seemed to irritate her. They were red and rough and sometimes they would get so raw and sore I could not wash her face without her crying every time I started towards her with a wash-cloth. The sores caused disfigurement while they lasted, for the red blotches were as large and larger sometimes than a nickel."

"I tried salve but it did not seem to do much good, so I began to wash her face and arms with Cuticura Soap and use Cuticura Ointment. I washed her two or three times a day with Cuticura Soap and dried her face and arms with a soft towel, then put on the Cuticura Ointment. It took a week to cure my little girl and now she has no sign of ringworm." (Signed) Mrs. F. E. Slyn, Sept. 24, 1912.

When you buy a fine toilet soap think of the advantages Cuticura Soap possesses over the most expensive toilet soap ever made. In addition to being absolutely pure and refreshingly fragrant, it is delicately yet effectively medicated, giving you two soaps in one, a toilet and a skin soap at one price. Cuticura Soap 25c, and Cuticura Ointment 50c, are sold everywhere. Liberal sample of each mailed free, with 32-p. Skin Book. Address post-card "Cuticura, Dept. T, Boston."

Tender-faced men should use Cuticura Soap Shaving Stick, 25c. Sample free.

Swedish Beauty Parlors

Remodeled and newly equipped with all modern appliances. Everything new, clean, fresh and inviting.

SPECIAL SALE
One week, Beginning Monday, March 24th, on all hair goods. ALSO REDUCED RATES on all work.

Come in and get acquainted, and get a sample of face cream and lotions.

Miss Joh. Gustafsson

OF INTEREST

to piano buyers. We have a complete line and can suit you in price and quality.

KNIGHT-CAMPBELL MUSIC CO.
122 North Tejon

Modern conditions of life are creating a world-wide demand for more modern Plumbing and Heating, better sanitation, more artistic fixtures and devices—a demand for work that shows greater skill, for work that will stand a longer test of years. This is what I endeavor to give my patrons.

F. E. BUMSTEAD
Plumbing and Heating
414 E. Dale St. Phone Main 597

THIS COLD WEATHER WON'T LAST FOREVER
Now is the time to get ready for summer by planting trees, shrubs and vines around your home.

WM. CLARK
Nursery, 2400 Wood Ave.
Phone 665

For Cut Flowers call CRUMP
Phone 500 511 E. Columbia

GRAY HAIR TURNS ITS NATURAL COLOR AFTER APPLYING SAGE TEA

Mixed With Sulphur It Darkens Beautifully and Takes Off Dandruff

Almost everyone knows that Sage Tea and Sulphur properly compounded, brings back the natural color and luster to the hair when faded, streaked or gray; also cures dandruff, itching scalp and stops falling hair. Years ago the only way to get this mixture was to make it at home, which is messy and troublesome.

Nowadays skilled chemists do this better than ourselves. By asking at any drug store for the ready-to-use product—called "Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Hair Remedy"—you will get a large bottle for about 50 cents. Some-

druggists make their own but it's usually too sticky, so insist upon getting "Wyeth's," which can be depended upon to restore natural color and beauty to the hair and is the best remedy for dandruff, dry, feverish, itchy scalp and to stop falling hair.

Folks like "Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur" because no one can possibly tell that you darkened your hair, as it does so naturally and evenly, says a well-known downtown druggist. You dampen a sponge or soft brush and draw it through your hair, taking one small strand at a time. This requires but a few moments, by morning the gray hair disappears and after another application or two is restored to its natural color and looks even more beautiful and glossy than ever. Robinson Drug Co. Adv.

ABANDON ALCATRAZ AS MILITARY PRISON

SAN FRANCISCO, March 20.—Alcatraz island, known as "the rock," throughout the army is to be abandoned as a military prison and turned over to the department of justice as a place of incarceration for civil offenders against the government.

The San Francisco Chronicle makes this declaration today but gives no authority for this statement.

Continuing, the article says that the transfer is to be made within a month. Alcatraz island has been a military prison ever since its usefulness as a station of the coast defenses passed.

No prisoner, it is said, has ever escaped from "the rock" since it is situated in the channel a little over a mile inside the Golden Gate and swept by fierce currents which make it almost impossible for a swimmer to reach the mainland.

EPIDEMIC OF SORE ARMS IN NATIONAL CAPITAL

WASHINGTON, March 20.—There is an epidemic of sore arms in the national capital as the result of a small-pox scare that apparently has affected all grades of society. Government departments are forcing their employees to submit themselves to the physician's scratching ministrations and the mails today are flooded with letters from Health Officer William C. Woodward calling on merchants to see to it that their clerks are vaccinated. Similar letters, the official says, will be sent to apartment houses, private schools and all concerns not under any government department. Twelve cases of the disease now are in quarantine.

TWO MORE POLICEMEN INDICTED IN GRAFT PROBE

NEW YORK, March 20.—Two more police men were indicted by the grand jury today. They were Patrolmen Victor Meyer and William J. Smith, and are accused of bribery. The true bill against Meyer was based on testimony given by Rosie Hertz, a convicted disorderly resort keeper. John J. Hartigan, the patrolman convicted last week for perjury, will not be sentenced until next Tuesday.

A BURGLAR BEGGED PARDON

From the London Mail.
In the early hours of a recent morning, Lady Froake, disturbed in her sleep at her residence at Exmouth, woke to find a burglar in the room. He had a flash lamp which he so manipulated that his face could not be seen. Lady Froake spoke to the man, demanding the reason for his intrusion, whereupon he twice begged her pardon and withdrew—but took with him valuables gathered from the dressing table.



CLARA BALDWIN STOCKER
Of Los Angeles.
Mrs. Clara Baldwin Stocker, who inherited \$12,000,000 from the estate of her father, "Lucky" Baldwin, the noted fortune and gambler, is now known as "California's diamond queen," because of an imported gown bedecked with \$365,000 worth of diamonds, rubies and other gems.

NO EXAMINATION, SAY POSTMASTERS-RESIGN

WASHINGTON, March 20.—Because of the extension of the classified civil service to include fourth-class postmasters and the announcement that postmasters of that class would be subjected to a competitive examination the postoffice department is receiving nearly 20 resignations a day.

Officials declare that about 2,000 fourth-class postmasters have resigned since the executive order carrying them into the civil service was issued. Practically all of the resignations are in postoffices where the postmaster's salary is merely nominal and where at times the expense of conducting the office equals the postmaster's compensation. In many of the cases it will be exceedingly difficult to secure applicants who will take the prescribed examinations.

While the department is endeavoring to secure new postmasters, the incumbents, although they have resigned, will be forced to discharge the duties of the office.

BOY KILLS MOTHER BY ACCIDENTAL DISCHARGE GUN

WAGON MOUND, N. M., March 20.—While cleaning a rifle today at the family home here, the 12-year-old son of Mrs. Juanita Montoya shot and killed his mother, when the weapon was accidentally discharged. The bullet struck Mrs. Montoya in the back of the head.

Hamburg, Germany, is to have a municipal university to teach law, philosophy and colonial science.

Don't Put Off
seeking relief from the illnesses caused by defective action of the organs of digestion. Most serious sicknesses get their start in troubles of the stomach, liver, bowels—troubles quickly, safely, surely relieved by

BEECHAM'S PILLS

Sold everywhere. In boxes, 10c, 25c.

DR. PIERCE'S FAVORITE PRESCRIPTION FOR WEAK WOMEN

GRAND OPERA HOUSE

Saturday, March 22nd

Matinee and Night.

AL. G. FIELD'S GREATER MINSTRELS

THE SPANISH STUDENTS MINSTRELS—PAST AND PRESENT

OPENING THE PANAMA CANAL

27TH YEAR—2/1H

A Whole Evening of Novelties.

Seat Sale Thursday.

Matinee:	Night:
Parquet .75	Parquet \$1.50
D. Cir. & .50	D. Circle 1.00
Balc. .50	Balcony .75
Gallery .25	Gallery .50

MONDAY, MARCH 24

HENRY W. SAVAGE PRESENTS

"EXCUSE ME"

HEADED BY

WILLIS P. SWEATMAN

In His Original Role of the Porter.

IT'S THE LAUGH OF A LIFETIME

9 Months in New York
6 Months in Chicago
4 Months in Boston

BEATS NOW SELLING PRICES

Parquet	\$1.50
Dress Circle	\$1.50-\$1.00
Balcony	\$1.00-.75c
Gallery, unreserved	50c

YOU CAN DO BETTER AT

You will like trading at Daniels'.
THE STORE FOR ALL THE PEOPLE
Make Daniels' store your home store.

SPECIALS FOR FRIDAY AND SATURDAY

\$10.00 Lace Curtains, per pair	\$6.85
7.50 Lace Curtains, per pair	4.65
5.00 Lace Curtains, per pair	2.95
3.00 Lace Curtains, per pair	1.85
1.50 Lace Curtains, per pair	.95
1.45 Rag Rug, size 30x60	.95

O-CEDAR POLISH MOPS, \$1.50
New line of Baby Carriages, in English Perambulators and Collapsible Go-Carts, just arrived. See display in window.

Daniels' way makes it easy to pay.
Successors to Tucker Furniture Co.
106-8 N. Tejon St.
Phone M. 645.

Fancy Large Red Potatoes, 100 lbs \$1 2 dozen Fresh Ranch Eggs .45c

Tall Pink Salmon, per can 10c (Regular 15c seller)	Cream Rye, per pkg. 15c (Regular 20c seller)
Fancy Solid Cabbage, per cwt. 75c	Quaker Cornmeal (regular 15c seller), 3 pkgs. 25c
Good Solid Head Lettuce 5c	Quaker Cracked Wheat (regular 15c seller), per pkg. 10c
3 lbs. Choice Dry Peaches 25c	4 large E. C. Corn Flakes 25c

GIVE US YOUR ORDER FOR HOT CROSS BUNS 2 DOZEN .25c

W. H. FOSTER
PHONES MAIN 260-261.
24 N. TEJON ST.

PIKES PEAK FLORAL COMPANY

Good Friday last of Lent.
A nice lot of Fresh Fish, Oysters, Lobsters, Roe Shad and Scallops.
Genuine Spring Lamb for Easter Sunday.
Plenty of Nice White City Laid Eggs for coloring, 25c dozen.
Phone 436-437
123 N. Tejon
R. G. HARRISON, Prop.

FOR THE
BEST EASTER PLANTS AND CUT FLOWERS
GO TO
THE PIKES PEAK FLORAL COMPANY
102 N. TEJON ST. PHONE M. 500.

SEAT SALE for The Islc of KAI-TO-KEE

Opens Monday at The Burns Box Office. Prices 50c to \$1.50.

Bargain Sale Rooming & Boarding House

LARGE LIVING AND DINING ROOMS
12 SLEEPING ROOMS, 2 BATHS
LAUNDRY AND STORAGE
FIRE PLACES, STEAM HEAT
GOOD CONDITION, FINE LOCATION
BEAUTIFUL LOT, 100x190 FT.
OWNER REQUIRES LARGER QUARTERS
WILL SELL AT SACRIFICE

The Bennett-Shellenberger Realty Company
REAL ESTATE, INSURANCE AND LOANS
5 PIKES PEAK AVENUE

Established in 1871, With the Town

THINKING OF BUILDING?

WE DOUBT IF THESE LOTS AT THE PRICE CAN BE SURPASSED

\$3,200

N. Cascade Ave.

100x190 FT.

EASY TERMS. PARKING ASSESSMENT PAID.

WILLS, SPACKMAN & KENT
INSURANCE, REAL ESTATE, LOANS.
GAZETTE BUILDING, 15 PIKES PEAK AVE.

THE DAY'S HAPPENINGS IN SPORT CIRCLES

Edited for THE GAZETTE by E. E. Overholt

Walter Johnson Ideal Pitcher, Says Ed Grillo

Marvelous Arm Makes Terrific Speed an Easy Matter

By J. ED GRILLO.

The ideal pitcher with the ideal disposition—that is Walter Johnson. Few men who have attained the prominence in their chosen profession that the Idaho Wonder enjoys can claim his modesty. Success has not had any apparent effect on Walter's disposition. He is the same plain spoken, honest, shy boy today that he was the dreary night he reported to Joe Cantillon back in the fall of 1907. The fact that he is generally considered the game's greatest pitcher has not caused him to display the fact that he has a high opinion of himself. No member of any ball team is more energetic or more observant to the rules of his club than he. Like the trained soldier, orders are orders with Johnson. There is never a time when he is not willing to attempt any task without a murmur or anxious to give a helping hand to the best interests of his team.

Even tempered and unwilling to recognize his own ability, it is no wonder that he is one of the most popular players the game has ever developed—not with the public alone, which appreciates his ability and willingness, but with the ball player, even though he be on an opposing team and has reason to fear him. Johnson and Johnson have been in touch with Johnson and Johnson have been in touch with Johnson. Johnson is strong and muscular, but not the kind of muscle one would find in a fighter or a wrestler. It is a little arm, which really whips like some immense elastic piston when it generates the terrific speed for which Johnson is noted.

Johnson does not give himself credit for being a great pitcher. He may

MR. AND MRS. BAT NELSON COMING TO SPEND FEW DAYS IN SPRINGS—TRIAL MARRIAGE

Mr. and Mrs. Bat Nelson, formerly on the verge of divorce, and now, according to dispatches, testing trial marriage for a month, are coming to Colorado Springs for a few days' visit. This word was received here last night, following the announcement of Mrs. Nelson's illness, the result of a collapse while at work on her cartoons for a Denver paper Wednesday afternoon. Mrs. Nelson, it is stated, will take a long vacation, and will come to this city for a few days to recuperate from her illness. Bat has arranged a fight at Pueblo for March 21, and it is probable that his cartoonist wife will accompany him to that place.

praise nature for having hung that wonderful arm on him, but he serves it all in cool justice.

Strong as an Ox.

There have been other sensational performers in baseball, others hold records which Johnson has not attained. He has never pitched a no-hit game, for instance, and his best winning streak went to 18, when it was broken. But he has been a most consistent performer and has accomplished some feats which no other pitcher would attempt. For instance, in 1908, he pitched three games in three days against New York and did not allow them a single run. On numerous occasions has he retired three opposing batters on nine pitched balls without having one of them as much as fouled, and when the inning was over he is seen walking toward the bench in an apparently sluggish manner, with head hung, unconscious of the cheers of the thousands about him.

It is with the enthusiasm who likes to strike up an acquaintance with prominent players that Walter is a hero. No matter who the individual may be or where or when he may come, Johnson is always ready to meet him. He is decidedly modest on such occasions, but he, unlike others, who because of their prominence are much sought after by hero worshippers, never fails to carry out his part. Incidentally, he is the protector for his teammates. Let something go wrong and Johnson is the one man on the team who patches up the frictions. In ball games players have their rows, such as they are, and these are not heated, but let them overstep the bounds of propriety and Walter Johnson is usually the one to arrange an amicable settlement.

Never Complains.

His teammates could boot 10 games away behind him in a row and they would hear no complaint from him. The writer once witnessed an incident which shows the remarkable disposition of the great pitcher. Some three years back the Washington club went to Chicago for a series and surprised the world by shutting out the White Sox three days in succession. Groom, Walter and Ralston were the successful pitchers, and with Walter carded to pitch the fourth game it looked as if the Nationals were headed for a clean sweep. However, he hooked up with a young man named Olmstead, and after 13 innings of battling, lost his game, 2 to 1, because Milan misjudged a fly ball in the final round which allowed the winning run to score.

When the game was over and the players had entered their bus, preparatory to returning to their hotel, quite a number of the crowd gathered about the vehicle. Johnson is always an object of much curiosity on such occasions, and there were many expressions of sympathy for him because he had lost a game, which he should have won, not having had anything to do with the defeat.

One fellow walked over to Johnson, extended his hand, and said: "Johnson, I am awfully sorry you lost that game on such a poor play. You deserved better luck."

Johnson turned, smiled at the stranger, and in a cool, deliberate way replied:

"Well, Zeb doesn't do that often. He has saved me many games since I have been with him."

Johnson was a cool lad when he came into the big league. The first night he reported Joe Cantillon and some friends were sitting in a Washington hotel where Johnson had put up. He was introduced all around, and then Cantillon inquired in his characteristic way: "Well, youngster, how is your control?"

Walter hesitated a minute and then, in that peculiar drawl, replied:

"I don't know; I never used any where I was."

And that was pretty near right for imagine him with his terrific speed requiring control pitching against a lot of amateurs and semipro. None of them would stand close enough to the plate to know whether the ball went over or not.

The best feature of Johnson lies in the fact that he promises to last for a long while, for the very good reason that he takes the best of care of himself and pitching a ball game does not put him under the severe strain that a majority of pitchers suffer. That arm promises to last as long as Johnson, and it would not be at all surprising if he had passed the remarkable record of service set by that famous old man, Charles Denton (Cy) Young.

SLAVERY TO BE OPERATED FOR A JACK OF APPENDICITIS

BOULDER, Colo., March 20. Frank Smith, the star University of Colorado football player, and all-around athlete, will be operated upon for appendicitis at the St. Elmo hospital in Denver today. The operation was decided upon after the athlete complained with several of the leading physicians. Smith hopes to be able to return here in several weeks to complete his work in the football team of the law school.

PROHIBITIVE PRICE GOLF BALLS HURTING THE GAME

On both sides of the Atlantic there recently has been considerable talk of some which has found its way into print, regarding a reduction in the price of golf balls. Various ways and means have been discussed in many places besides the effect of the "nineteenth hole" as to how to bring about the lightening of the golfer's burden. In fact, the matter was taken up with the manufacturers of golf balls, and they can be said to bear on them, and they can be said to depend upon the average golfer to pay top prices for balls that are satisfactory.

In the disinclination of the manufacturers to reduce prices, another way has been suggested. In fact some of the makers have agreed, with the suggestion, which is to take away the prerogative of the club professional in selling golf balls, and have them sold in the clubhouse, minus the professional's profit. It has even been suggested, both here and on the other side, to conduct the sale of the balls under club supervision in the clubhouse, whatever profits accruing going to the benefit of the organization. The profit for the average professional in the sale of a golf ball ranges from 10 to 15 cents on the manufacturer's price, not including transportation. Such being the case, a club could sell balls at from 10 to 15 cents less to the average player, it is argued. Those who support the plan declare that, where it has been tried, the profit amounted to a fair-sized wage.

HARRIMAN SELLS THREE HARNESS NAGS, \$50,000

NEW YORK, March 20.—The sale by Joseph W. Harriman to Edward R. McLean of Washington for \$50,000 of the three high-stepping harness horses Nala, Lady Diliham and Elegant Diliham, winners of scores of blue ribbons, championship purses and challenge cups at the leading American shows, was announced tonight.

Nala is a stallion bred from trotting stock. He has won the championship of the National Horse show four times and has been practically invincible for six years, making a record never equaled in this country. Lady Diliham and Elegant Diliham are hackneys, sister and brother. The former twice has won the championship of the national horse show.

The price paid for the three is the highest on record. They are now in Florida and are to be shipped to Washington at once.

There are those who oppose such an idea who are, perhaps, actuated by more altruistic motives. They argue that some professionals make lordly incomes, but that most of them just manage to live in fairly comfortable circumstances—to "earn a little and spend a little less." Since golf began, it has been the privilege of the professional to sell golf balls and clubs and to teach beginners how to play, and

Lipton Wants U. S. to Reconsider Refusal

English Yacht Club Is Anxious to Race N. Y. Yacht Clubbers

BELFAST, Ireland, March 20.—A request was sent today by cable to the Royal Ulster Yacht club asking the New York Yacht club for a reconsideration of its refusal of Sir Thomas Lipton's challenge for the America's cup. This was accompanied by a long statement from Sir Thomas, with which the committee of the Irish club signified its agreement.

Sir Thomas Lipton's statement is as follows:

"I deeply regret that the New York Yacht club has been unable to accept my challenge. The deed of gift states: 'The competing yachts or vessels if of one mast shall not be less than 65 feet nor more than 90 feet at the waterline.'"

"The deed of gift also states that there shall be no time allowance."

"The deed of gift also requires that 10 months prior to the race the challenger shall communicate the dimensions of his yacht, which dimensions shall not be exceeded. If the real meaning of the words quoted is that the challenger is the person to fix within the limitation of the deed of gift, the dimensions of the competing yachts and that both yachts are to be of that dimension, then the deed at once becomes intelligible and reasonable."

"I submit that this is the true interpretation of the deed of gift. I venture to disagree from the statement made by the New York Yacht club that the present challenge does not differ in principle to the challenge I sent to America in 1907."

"The New York Yacht club states that it would have accepted with pleasure an unconditional challenge. The only conditions I ask are these of the deed of gift, for I cannot conceive that the framers of that document contemplated races between such ridiculous extremes as yachts of 65 and 90 feet."

BOWLING NEWS

The Colorado Springs Drug company team won two out of three games from the Cuesta Rey team, on the Overland alleys, last night. Osborn of the Cuesta Rey team rolled the high score of 214.

CUESTA REY.		
Gamble	166	142
Osborn	142	154
Stewart	125	123
Wardman	150	157
Bob Allen	139	150
Totals	732	769

COLORADO SPRINGS DRUG CO.		
Choff	146	143
Miller	126	143
Fulk	100	154
McMillen	106	135
Sarmonak	175	146
Herzog	182	157
Totals	735	789

BATTLING NELSON AND MIKE MALONE TO BOX AT PUEBLO

PUEBLO, Colo., March 20.—Batling Nelson will meet Mike Malone, the Denver lightweight, in Pueblo on the night of March 27. Malone's signature to a contract was secured yesterday. The bout is scheduled for 20 rounds and it will be staged in the Minnesota theater in the suburbs.

YOKEL THROWS TURNER

SALT LAKE CITY, Utah, March 20.—Mike Yokel of Salt Lake City stands today as nearly the undisputed middleweight wrestling champion as any wrestler can well get. Yokel defeated Joe Turner of Washington last night in two falls, the first in 65 1/2 minutes and the second in 6 minutes and 10 seconds. Turner was speedy and clever, but he was clearly winded after the first half hour.

BOWLING TONIGHT

Four of the best bowling teams in the state will bowl for championship honors tonight at the Brunswick alleys. They are: The Paulson Stars of Denver, the Gold Labels and Dixon Stars of Pueblo and the crack Brunswick team of Colorado Springs. This promises to be one of the best bowling contests seen here this season. The games will start at 8 o'clock sharp.

The lineup for Colorado Springs will be: Shearer, Morshon, Wright, Litzenberg and Calland.

The monorail wheel, which has recently appeared, has a steering wheel, just like that of an automobile. A fourth runner enables the coaster to attain greater speed.

BRICKLEY GOING SLOW IN SPRING ATHLETICS TO TRAIN FOR FOOTBALL

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., March 20.—Charley Brickley, Harvard's all-around athlete and football idol, by his remarkably rapid recovery from a strained leg tendon, has started work again on Soldiers field at Harvard. Brickley will keep away from Dr. Sexton's exclusive baseball squad and will develop himself for the glory of the Crimson track team, under the tutelage of Coach Donovan.

Brickley's specialty in the events recognized by the intercollegiate association is the shot put. He was the champion man on last year's freshman track team, having grabbed off first place in the dual meet with the Yale first-year men with a put of 39 feet 5 inches. Since then, however, he has gone ahead well, and can toss the shot consistently for something slightly below 45 feet.

Brickley's real field in track work is the hop, step and jump, but this event is not recognized by the universities and colleges of the east, and his skill in that particular life will count nothing for Harvard.

The strained tendon Brickley recovered during the football season was thought to be so severe as to eliminate him from further participation in athletics at Harvard for the present year, but he is as well as ever now.

Next year Brickley, in addition to competing for places on the football and track teams, will make a try for the back-stopping position on the baseball team. He hopes to corral three letters in major sports before he ends his college career at Harvard.

GLASGOW

ARROW COLLARS

One Month of Colonist Rate \$30.00

California, Arizona, Oregon and Washington

MARCH 15 TO APRIL 15

You'll Sleep Rate \$4.50.

G. C. HOYT, C. P. A.

118 East Pike's Peak Ave.

Sanja Fe

STOCKHOLM, March 24.—Prince Wilhelm of Sweden and his charming wife, Princess Marie, a cousin of the czar of Russia, have become baseball fans with the intention of interesting the officers of the capital and their wives in the sport. With the advent of the last Olympic games in the capital, when the members of America's wonderful athletic team gave several exhibition baseball games, the princess and prince began to interest their friends in the fascinating pastime.

Through the activity of this royal young couple, ball clubs have been formed and now the prince is contemplating organizing a league with a real schedule to be played.



FRANKLIN

The Entz Electric start used on Franklin cars does not add a single operating control.

There are no levers and buttons to work nor gears to mesh.

There is only one thing for the driver to do to start the engine throw on the switch.

The switch is left on until you want to stop. Then throw it off. That's all.

The

G. W. Blake Auto Co.

13 and 15 North Nevada



DOYLE STARRING

Larry Doyle, the hard-hitting captain-second baseman of the New York Giants, who is setting an excellent example to his fellows by his performance in the practice games in Texas, is walloping the ball at a 400 clip and fielding in faultless fashion, while his speed on the bases is keeping the whole team on edge.

THE MODERN WOMAN

A QUESTION FOR YOU!

What do YOU think is the matter with modern women?

Why are they breaking windows and hiking across country and making speeches?

What is it all about?

That is a question you ought to answer for yourself—but not without knowing the facts.

The underlying causes of the great unrest among modern women, especially those of America, will be explained and discussed without partisan bias in a remarkable series of articles by Frederic J. Haskin, beginning in this newspaper on Wednesday, March 26.

No man can afford to miss anything that is so timely.

No woman will

be left out of the

most important

discussion of the

modern woman

question for you!

THE MODERN WOMAN

COLORADO SPRINGS GAZETTE

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FRIDAY, MARCH 21, 1913.

MORE POLICE CORRUPTION

THE dance hall exposures made two months ago justified the belief that there is something radically wrong with the police force of Colorado Springs. At that time Acting Mayor Lawton suspended several policemen who were under charges of misconduct, leaving the final disposition of their cases to await the return of Mayor Avery from Washington. Now the testimony in a case which is on trial in the District Court has confirmed the suspicions already formed that the police force is honeycombed with rottenness.

According to the testimony of a witness who yesterday turned states' evidence, Patrolman Ten Eyck is an habitue, both on and off duty, of disreputable rooming houses and other dives, and is implicated in a series of misdoings for which prompt dismissal from the force would be mild punishment indeed. This is the same Ten Eyck who was suspended by Acting Mayor Lawton two months ago for taking part in the revelries at a dance hall where he had been sent to preserve order, and who was beautifully whitewashed and reinstated by Mayor Avery.

The situation has now reached a stage where nothing less than an impartial and absolutely thorough investigation of the entire department will suffice. Gross incompetency, neglect of duty, drunkenness, and consorting with the underworld appear to be habitual practices of various policemen. Indeed, as the case stands the whole force is under suspicion, for there is so much dereliction that nobody knows just which officers are wholly innocent.

It is plain that such a condition could not exist without the knowledge of some of the men higher up. It is true that Chief Burno has not been on duty for about two months, and that for most of this time he has been out of the city. But this does not altogether excuse him, for the disgraceful conditions antedate his present leave of absence.

And what about Commissioner Himebaugh and Mayor Avery? Each is in a measure responsible for the Police Department, the one as its active head, and the other as the chief executive official of the City. If they have known of these conditions and winked at them they are unfit for office. If they have been ignorant of them they are no less culpable. "In either event the Mayor and the Commissioner of Public Safety deserve severe censure, for it is their business to know what is going on in the Police Department and to punish any wrongdoer promptly and adequately.

This thing is not going to be hushed up, no matter how hard those concerned may try. For months there has been a well-grounded suspicion that things were not as they should be in the Police Department. Now this suspicion has been confirmed and the case is nothing less than a scandal. The people will demand that the whole affair be thoroughly investigated and that every man found guilty of improper conduct be summarily dismissed. And, what is equally as important, they will hold the higher officials—Mayor, Commissioner and Chief of Police—to a strict accounting for their own tolerance of these conditions, whether it has been due to ignorance or to something worse.

LOQUACIOUS MR. BRYAN

THE role of office holder is a new one to Mr. Bryan. The only official job he ever held, other than his present one, was that of congressman, and it is part of a congressman's duty to talk as much and as often as possible. But not so the secretary of state. When tempted to talk he is ever reminded that discretion beats valor, that silence is golden. The best secretary of state is he who knows how to keep still in a half dozen different languages. Obviously, therefore, Mr. Bryan lacks one extremely important qualification for his job.

He can no more keep from talking than can a parrot. Ever since the tempestuous days of '96 he has trained himself constantly, until he has reached the acme of perfection. He has talked his way across the American continent and back perhaps a

dozen times, talked himself around the world and then all over South America and the Canal Zone. He can't help it, and neither President Wilson nor anybody else can hope to put a muffler on him that will do the business.

All this is merely incidental to the remark that it took Mr. Bryan only thirteen days to get himself in trouble by his talkativeness, after assuming the office of secretary of state. It was one thing for Theodore Roosevelt, private citizen, to lecture the British on the proper method of governing Egypt, especially when it afterward developed that the speech was prearranged with high officials of the British government. It is quite a different thing for Mr. Bryan as head of the American State Department to advise the British government how to rule Ireland.

It is easy to imagine how the American public would gasp if Premier Asquith were to rise in his place in the House of Commons and advise the American government how to run the Philippines. It is safe to say that our press would promptly tell Mr. Asquith that it was none of his business, and that is just what the British press is now telling Mr. Bryan with respect to his views on Irish Home Rule.

When it was announced that Bryan was to be Secretary of State even his friendly critics said that he was temperamentally unfit for the place, and it didn't take him long to confirm their judgment.

DR. ELIOT FOR AMBASSADOR

THE report that President Wilson will offer the appointment of ambassador to Great Britain to Dr. Charles W. Eliot, President Emeritus of Harvard, and that Dr. Eliot may accept it, is welcome news. It will be remembered that President Taft made a similar tender of this important post to Dr. Eliot nearly four years ago. But it was declined for the good and sufficient reason that only a very wealthy man can afford to be an ambassador, and Dr. Eliot does not happen to be in that class.

Here was a glaring illustration of the folly of American policy with respect to the pay of members of the diplomatic service. Our ambassadors to the first-class powers receive \$17,500 a year each, and those to the less important nations receive \$12,000. Some of the ministers receive the latter sum, but most of them get considerably less. And the United States alone of all great nations does not furnish its foreign representatives with homes. In several cases an ambassador's entire salary is needed to pay his house rent, and he must pay from his own pocket the heavy expense of maintaining his country's dignity in the court to which he is accredited.

This policy was roundly denounced by President Taft as sheer hypocrisy, since it pretends to be extremely democratic, while in effect it enables only millionaires to accept such appointments. A president, in selecting ambassadors and ministers, is often compelled to do without the services of the most capable men because they are financially unable to accept, and the appointments eventually go to millionaires who perhaps have no qualifications except their money and who seek them only to advance their social status.

Dr. Eliot is often spoken of as the most distinguished American in private life, and few will disagree with this designation. His acceptance of the British embassy would insure the maintenance of the best traditions of that post, made notable by such men as James Russell Lowell, Charles Francis Adams, Thomas F. Bayard, Joseph Choate and John Hay.



THE NEW STAMPS.
 From the Boston Evening Transcript.
 Our sets of commemorative postage stamps were at first a joke, then a bore, and now they are becoming an artistic point of view—a tragedy. The new stamps for the San Francisco exposition are no advance upon the earlier issues. They are, indeed, rather more lacking in beauty and simplicity.

The new one-cent stamp is a mediocre design in which a portrait of Balboa is surrounded by numerous palms and other fussy details. The two-cent value purports to carry a view of the Panama canal. It may, indeed, do so, but a photograph of two sailors resting negligently upon a very wrinkled pair of trousers would have, when reduced in size, much the same effect. The five-cent stamp is better, the color being a rich blue and the picture a view of the Golden Gate. The 10-cent stamp is a screamer. Its vivid yellow offends the eye and makes indistinguishable both the picture and the lettering. Few persons would care to strain their eyes to make out what it represented; there seems to be a group of people, but they might be signing the declaration or simply having a picnic.

The Columbus stamps of 1892 were rather large for use, but they were a beautiful set. They rank next, perhaps, in attractiveness to the odd and pretty little square stamps of 1904. Since the Columbian set our commemorative stamps have almost steadily declined in merit. The designs have invariably made the mistake of crowding too much detail upon such tiny bits of paper. Palms and pines, flags and eagles—stars and stripes have been crowded about some central landscape, portrait or other device. The result has been a hodge-podge.

There were the stamps for the Transmississippi fair in 1888 (one of which showed a man in an absurd attitude on a saw-tooth mountain peak); those for the Buffalo exposition in 1891; the Louisiana Purchase stamps of 1904; the Jamestown set of 1907, and the issues of 1909 for the Alaska-Yukon fair, and the Hudson-Eulton celebration. Scarcely one specimen in all of these had not better be forgotten.

The ordinary issues of recent years have been dignified and pleasing. They bear the head of Washington or Franklin, and very little beside. But any attempt to "commemorate" or "symbolize" an

event in our history seems to have a bad effect upon the designers. The new parcel post stamps are interesting, after a fashion, but an artist would find little in them to commend, or even consider. Our government designers when next they wish to reproduce a landscape upon postage stamps will well to look at the Bosnia-Herzegovina set recently issued by Austria. And for a stamp bearing a portrait, the Bavarian stamps, with the head of the aged regent, are very striking. In skilful utilization of space, in color, in artistic design, and in absence of an appearance of crowding, they are remarkably successful.

JUST WHAT IT NEEDS.

From the New York Tribune.
 Secretary Daniels had been in office only a few hours when he made the discovery that the navy department needed a good advertising agent. That discovery does credit to his news sense, for the navy department is the one branch of the government in which the machinery for giving proper publicity to its own operations is so hopelessly antiquated and inefficient. As the Tribune has many times pointed out, the people really want news about the department's activities, but there has been a remarkable lethargy in preparing it and getting it out. Every other department publishes reports, registers and similar pamphlets covering the work it does. But the few naval issues which appear are more or less out of date or contain material merely for the benefit of the naval personnel. It is impossible to get a list, for instance, giving the names of the officers in the various grades in the order of their appointment, and the only published list of ships available is likely to be two or three years old. When the Tribune Almanac applied last fall for a table of the officers in the grades of admiral, captain, commander and lieutenant commander, it was told that such information could be furnished only by clerks working after hours who would have to be paid for their trouble. Secretary Meyer courteously reversed that surprising ruling, but the fact remains that there is no provision now for the publication of a vast amount of naval material of current interest.

The war department has an admirable publicity system, and so has the state department. Mr. Daniels need not go out of the building in which he is lodged to get suggestions for putting the navy department in complete touch with the outside world.

BAD CASE OF AMENDMENTS.

From the Philadelphia Record.
 Men are creatures of habit in all things—and the American people seem to have caught the constitutional amendment habit. The income tax amendment is over the line; the popular election of senators amendment is nearing the quarter-mile post, and the single six-year term for presidents amendment may be started on its race over the state assemblies hurdles before another week shall have passed. Our Civil War amendments came in threes, and, perhaps, when these three shall have passed there will be another 60 years' interval of constitutional conservatism.



CARD OF THANKS.

In the Hennepin (Ill.) Record.
 Mrs. Mary McManis desires, in this manner, to thank all who so generously gave their assistance during the illness of her driving mare, Msude.

SIAMESE TWINS?

From the Bellwood (Neb.) Gazette.
 On coming out of Dr. McNally's office on Saturday last Bert Jones slipped, and sat down on the same spot where L. Henfling sat down a few days before.

QUEL JOUR!

From the Broadhead (Wis.) Journal.
 Tomorrow is some day in Broadhead. The most important public enterprise is to be voted upon, a great sale of bread bogs is another attraction at Farmworth farm, and in the evening the Chaminade club will hold an open meeting at the home of Mrs. H. P. Clarke.

A COUPLE OF TONS OF PREVENTION.

From the Thompson (Ill.) Review.
 The directors of the Argo school closed it on Tuesday. They thought it was the best way to be sure of stamping out the smallpox. It is not anywhere near us, but it was thought best to cut it out if they can.

A Quality Women Lack

By RUTH CAMERON.

It is supposed to be an understood fact that the ability to keep a secret is a rare thing in a woman.

Myself, I have my doubts about that. I rather think that delusion arose because a good many women keep their secrets so well that the other sex doesn't even guess they exist.

However, this is beside the point. What I started to say was this: I think I know one ability which is rarer in a woman even than secretiveness. And that is the ability to make up her mind what she can afford to spend for any article, and stick to it.

A friend of mine went shopping for a suit the other day. Before she went she told me she would like to get it for \$35; she might have to pay \$27 or \$28, but she simply couldn't afford to go over \$30.

She came back from her trip to town, enthusiastic over her purchase. It was a wonderful bargain, she said, marked from \$50 to \$35. "Wasn't that more than you expected to pay?" I asked.

She looked almost hurt at this suggestion. "Only \$5," she said, "and what is that in a suit I shall wear my dress!"

This is the sort of thing this woman is continually doing, and yet she is always wondering how she manages to spend her allowance so quickly.

Even as you and I.

A great many women are even worse than that. They buy by arithmetical progression, as it were. For instance, a woman of this type goes to town to buy a hat. She intends to pay not more than \$10. At the first shop she is shown a becoming model at \$12. That is only \$2 more than she intended to pay, and so she places it among the possibilities to be held in mind while she looks a little further.

At the next place she admires a \$15 hat and she says to herself, "Well, that's only \$3 more than the other, and \$3 isn't much when you're spending \$15." It takes finally stops at \$18 or \$20 her husband may consider himself lucky.

Christmas presents are my bete noir in this matter. Last year I was fully persuaded that I had lost \$10 when I came home from my last afternoon of Christmas shopping. Fortunately, before arriving my loss, I sat down and figured for a few minutes. I found that \$10 in the "just a little more" over my estimate for each gift that I had spent.

A neighbor of mine, who for many years was in a position to cultivate a taste for nice things, now has to live within a very limited income, and this is the finger way in which she helps herself to do this. "I always tell the clerk just what I can afford to pay," she says, "and I ask her not to show me anything more expensive, because I know that will spoil the cheaper things for me."

Don't you admire the strength of mind that indicates?

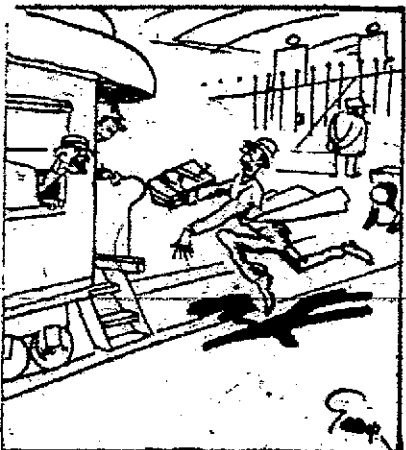
HASTE

By GEORGE FITCH,
 Author of "At Good Old Bawzash"

Haste is the use of excessive speed in getting from hither to whence. This may mean mere distance or it may mean other things. The uses of haste are as varied as the uses of gasoline which is an extract of haste.

Haste is as free as air and is used by everybody, though more extensively by some than by others.

Haste users are divided into two great classes—those who use haste to



get ahead and those who use it to catch up.

A man may use a great deal of haste at the wrong time and land a mile behind the procession, with his glee full of dust after working hard all day. On the other hand a pinch of haste, carefully distributed, will enable a man to loaf successfully at the head of the crowd for months and years at a time.

Haste is a comparative term. Nine miles an hour is loafing for a racing automobile, whereas two miles an hour is a runaway speed for a messenger boy.

We are a wasteful nation and use much more haste than we should. Too many men hurry themselves to death in their efforts to get rich quick enough to loaf after the age of 40.

We use more haste than any other country. This is because we started 1,000 years behind the rest of the world and had to catch up.

We caught up 30 years ago, however, and have never stopped long enough to find out what we are chasing now.

Thanks to haste, we are now able to live at the rate of a mile a minute horizontally and 16 feet a second up and down. We are blasé at 15, die of old age at 40, and the auto-hearse, which carts us to the safety deposit vault, gets held up for exceeding the speed limit.

To keep up with the crowd we have to live in tomorrow's time, next month's fashions and on next year's income.

Still, we should not curse haste. If this country had been seated down to Europe's speed we would still be fighting Indians in Ohio.

"Haste makes waste." And without haste we have nothing to waste. We can take our choice. (Copyrighted by George Mathew Adams)

DENVER WOMAN DIES FROM ACCIDENTAL BURNS

DENVER, March 20.—Mrs. Elizabeth Arager, 65, widow of Rabbi Solomon Arager, once a leader of the Jewish faith in the west, died this morning from burns received last night when she accidentally overturned a lamp in her apartments. The fire was discovered by two girls, Annie Jassart and Margaret Hansen, who broke into the blazing room and dragged the aged woman out, but too late to save her life. Mrs. Arager had been dependent upon Jewish relief societies during the last years of her life.

KOHLSAAT IMPROVED

NEW YORK, March 20.—H. H. Kohlsaat, publisher of the Chicago Inter-Ocean, who recently suffered a hemorrhage of the brain, was somewhat improved today, according to his physician, but is still far from well.

JUDGE GERARD MAY BE ENVOY TO ITALY



Every important organization of sportsmen, as well as the Audubon society and the leading scientific associations of the country, were unanimous in their support of the bill. The American Game Protective and Propagation society, which has been organized entirely for the purpose of protecting and increasing the natural game of the country, was indefatigable in collecting data and statistics which were presented to congressional committees in support of Senator McLean's bill. The provision is made that the regulations to be formulated by the department of agriculture for the protection of the migratory birds are not to be permitted to interfere with the local laws of the states and territories for the protection of non-migratory game or other birds resident and breeding within their borders. The bill also provides for the efficient law to promote and enforce the regulations of the department of agriculture provided for under the new bill.

The enforcement of this new bill is to be brought about by the appointment of deputy United States marshals to do the work. Already hundreds of thousands of dollars are being paid out by the different states for the support of their game warden, and the federal marshal could go with them and cooperate with them for the good of the game interest in the country. The sum of \$10,000 has been appropriated at a beginning for this new protective work.

Canada Aids United States.

Canada is joining with this nation in the endeavor to secure protection for migratory birds, since many of the birds which add to the resources of that country come to the southern states for the winter and their slaughter during migrations materially has affected the Canadian bird supply. It is believed that the passage of the McLean bill will be only the forerunner of a movement to secure international protection for all migratory birds. Senator Root already has brought the matter forward by his resolution authorizing the president of the United States to propose to the governments of other North American countries the negotiation of a convention for the mutual protection and preservation of migratory birds. And it is hoped that the movement soon

144 more of those Cloisonne Bar Pins go on sale today.

Just the thing for Easter gifts
 Price 75c Each
HARDY'S
 16 N. Tejon

IN THE EARLY DAYS

THIRTY YEARS AGO TODAY TWENTY YEARS AGO TODAY

MARCH 21, 1883.
 Edgar Howbert returned from a trip to the various mining camps in the southwestern part of the state.

At a mass meeting of the citizens of Manitou it was decided to raise \$300 to put with the \$1,000 being raised in Colorado Springs for the purpose of advertising the region.

Colonel Burtham, Captain Roby and Lieutenant Saxton of Company A went to Denver to take part in the election of a brigadier general of the Colorado National guard.

MARCH 21, 1893.
 At a mass meeting of Cripple Creek citizens it was decided the Clarendon must be rebuilt at once, and \$10,000 in stock was subscribed.

Differences between Governor Waite and the legislature culminated in the introduction of a resolution by Humphrey of El Paso censuring him for his criticism of the legislature, in his Colorado Springs speech.

G. P. D. Townsend, 27 years old, for seven years a resident of Colorado Springs, and during part of that time deputy county surveyor, died in Fort Worth, Tex.

Early in April the department of agriculture will have ready for distribution a new bulletin upon birds that will have an important bearing upon the much discussed McLean bird protection bill, which was finally included in the bill making the appropriations for the department of agriculture, and, as such, approved on March 4 and signed by President Taft as one of his last official acts. The bulletin will be profusely illustrated, picturing wild geese, wild swans, snipe, plovers, woodcock, brant, wild pigeons and other migratory and insectivorous birds which henceforth are to receive protection from the federal government under regulations to be formulated by the department of agriculture.

The bill proposed by Senator McLean of Connecticut, together with those presented to the house by Representatives Weeks of Massachusetts and Anthony of Kansas, is based upon the fact that the lack of uniform bird protective legislation throughout the country is responsible for the enormous decrease and even the threatened extinction of many species of birds that make migratory passages north and south each year. It is of no use for one state to pass protective laws so long as in another state, possibly even during the mating and hatching season, there is no law protecting that same bird. The passing of a federal law upon this subject was opposed by many who consider it an infringement upon states' rights to give the federal government jurisdiction over a matter which, some claim, should rest entirely with the individual states. A number of decisions of different courts are to the effect that the migratory and wild game birds belong to the whole nation and not to the citizens of any state through which they may chance to pass, and it is these decisions which constitute the recognized authority for the new bill.

Sportsmen Indorse Bill.
 Every important organization of sportsmen, as well as the Audubon society and the leading scientific associations of the country, were unanimous in their support of the bill. The American Game Protective and Propagation society, which has been organized entirely for the purpose of protecting and increasing the natural game of the country, was indefatigable in collecting data and statistics which were presented to congressional committees in support of Senator McLean's bill. The provision is made that the regulations to be formulated by the department of agriculture for the protection of the migratory birds are not to be permitted to interfere with the local laws of the states and territories for the protection of non-migratory game or other birds resident and breeding within their borders. The bill also provides for the efficient law to promote and enforce the regulations of the department of agriculture provided for under the new bill.

The enforcement of this new bill is to be brought about by the appointment of deputy United States marshals to do the work. Already hundreds of thousands of dollars are being paid out by the different states for the support of their game warden, and the federal marshal could go with them and cooperate with them for the good of the game interest in the country. The sum of \$10,000 has been appropriated at a beginning for this new protective work.

Canada Aids United States.
 Canada is joining with this nation in the endeavor to secure protection for migratory birds, since many of the birds which add to the resources of that country come to the southern states for the winter and their slaughter during migrations materially has affected the Canadian bird supply. It is believed that the passage of the McLean bill will be only the forerunner of a movement to secure international protection for all migratory birds. Senator Root already has brought the matter forward by his resolution authorizing the president of the United States to propose to the governments of other North American countries the negotiation of a convention for the mutual protection and preservation of migratory birds. And it is hoped that the movement soon

will extend so as to include both Central and South America. America has fallen pathetically behind Europe in this respect. As far back as 1870, Europe was threatened with the extinction of a number of species of migratory birds so that, in 1873, a congress of agriculturists and foresters was called in Vienna. This convention passed a resolution requesting the Imperial Austrian government to secure the protection of birds by means of treaties with other countries of Europe. In 1875 Germany, Austria and Italy entered into a joint agreement for the protection of birds. Since that time four ornithological congresses have been held in Europe, and there is now in existence an international agreement consisting of 11 articles forming a code for the protection of birds, which has been ratified by 11 European powers.

Protection is important.
 From a practical as well as an esthetic and humane standpoint, the protection of birds is important for the benefit of the nation. Most people have no idea of the protection birds give to the crops of the country. There is an annual loss of \$500,000,000 in the United States from pestiferous insects, and this loss has been steadily increasing in proportion to the decrease of the birds, most of which feed upon them. The United States biological survey has had the stomachs of more than 3,300 birds examined. Thirty grasshoppers and 150 caterpillars were found in the stomach of a chickadee. In that of a night hawk were found 50 grasshoppers; and in another more than 500 mosquitoes. Seventy canker worms were found in the crop of a cedar bird. Mr. Treadwell of the Boston Society of Natural History fed a young robin 88 angleworms in a single day, and a Canadian robin ate 100 worms in 24 hours, which consumed 85 caterpillars in the same period. According to careful estimates, the insect-eating birds of Massachusetts last year consumed over 21,000 bushels of insects from May 1 to September 30. The damage done by insects to the crops of that state amounted to \$5,000,000.

Thirty species of shore birds eat noxious weeds, as well as insects, and at least 150 of the insect eating birds of the country have been classed as game birds by the northern and southern states. Even the robin is being killed legally in seven states. In Virginia a petition signed by 100,000 school children secured the protection of the robin in that state by a special act of legislature passed last year. In give states the blackbird has been a legal game bird also.

The friends of the birds have spared no pains to investigate such birds as have been charged with being enemies of the farmers. For years the king bird has been considered an enemy to the honey bee and because of that charge it has been banished from many communities; but a recent investigation of this charge recently has been made by a scientist who examined the contents of the stomachs or crops of no less than 455 king birds. About one-fifth of the contents was vegetable, fully one-half was of recognizable insects including grasshoppers, rose beetles, bull weevils, potato bugs, caterpillars and kindred other pests. This bird shows a predilection for their lister bug or meloidae. These insects contain a drug known as cantharidine which besides blistering human skin produces other physiological symptoms. The blister bug apparently does not injure the king bird, however, or birds were found in no less than 70 of the stomachs that were examined. Another insect noted was the robberly which is about three times the size of the ordinary honey bee. This robber attacks the honey laden bee, kills it and appropriates the honey. Honey bees were found in only 20 of the king birds examined and most of these were drones. So instead of being an enemy, the king bird is really the protector and friend of the honey bee.

Interest in Birds Increases.
 The interest in bird protection has increased enormously during the past 10 years and the McLean bill is only one of the measures by which it is being forwarded. The number of

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